

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

VOLUME 28.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1899.

NUMBER 51.

## Semi-Annual Clearing Sale DURING AUGUST.

Sale of All "Odds and Ends"  
at Little Bits of Prices.

It's the sale of all sales. You get new, desirable goods. More of them for your money than anywhere else.

Shoes at Reduced Prices.

Clothing at Reduced Prices.

Hats, Caps, Underwear, Hosiery, Fancy Shirts and

Neckwear at Reduced Prices.

Dry Goods at Reduced Prices.

Come and look.

W. P. Schenk & Company.

## SPECIAL SALE

—AT—

## THE CORNER STORE.

1-4 OFF! 1-4 OFF!

—ON ALL—

Colored Shirt Waists.

1-4 OFF! 1-4 OFF!

KEMPF & McKUNE.

## AUCTION. AUCTION.

## GREAT AUCTION CLEARING SALE

—OF—

Top Buggies, Surreys, Road Wagons,

Platform Wagons,

Single and Double Harness,

At the Rink, Saturday, August 12th,

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock P. M.

GEORGE E. DAVIS, Auctioneer.

HOAG & HOLMES.

For Safety and to Draw Interest

Deposit your Money in the

CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electric alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

## NEW MEAT MARKET.

I have opened up a new meat market in the Klein building on North Main street, and will keep on hand at all times a full line of all kinds of

Smoked, Fresh and Salt Meats,  
Sausages, Etc.

I solicit a share of your patronage and by strict attention to business and fair dealing I hope to merit a continuance of the same.  
Goods delivered.

C. SCHAFER.

Klein building, North Main street, Chelsea, Mich.

### School Officers' Meeting.

The desire has been frequently expressed to County School Commissioner Lister by many members of the district school boards of Washtenaw county that a school officers' meeting should be held for the purpose of discussing the best modes of procedure for the maintenance and management of district schools so as to secure the best results and the highest possible standard of excellence permissible under the system. In accordance with these expressions Mr. Lister has appointed Wednesday, August 23, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court House, Ann Arbor, as the time and place for holding such a meeting.

In his circular letter to the different school officers Mr. Lister says:

It is not proposed to inflict on you long speeches by "School Theorists," but to get together just by ourselves and discuss school matters from the standpoint of our own experience.

The following are some of the topics suggested:

1. Hiring Teachers
2. The Term Schedule.
3. Length of the School Year.
4. School Funds—Collections and Disbursement.

5. Adoption of Course of Study.
6. The Ninth Grade in the District School.

7. School Apparatus.
8. Arrangements of School Room.
9. Irregular Attendance.
10. What to do with Incompetent Teachers.

11. Necessity of Proper Seating, Lighting and Ventilation.
12. Construction and Care of Out-buildings.
13. Text Books.

These are a few of the many topics of interest to every school patron in the county. This invitation is to you particularly, but it is hoped that you will invite any patrons interested to come with you. Let us have a large attendance, and this will be only a beginning of better things to come.

Hoping to see you at Ann Arbor the 23d, I am, yours for good schools,  
W. N. LISTER.

### St. Mary's Church Picnic.

The annual picnic under the auspices of St. Mary's church will be held at Cavanaugh Lake, Tuesday, Aug. 29. Addresses will be delivered by Congressman Henry C. Smith, of Adrian, Hon. James McNamara, of Detroit, an old Dexter boy, and last but not least Rev. Charles O. Reilly, D. D., of Adrian. The musical program will be under the direction of Mr. Louis Burg and will comprise vocal and instrumental music by local talent. In addition to this Signor Camillo Napolitano, the eminent violinist, professor of music at Assumption College, Sandwich, will render some fine selections on the violin and mandolin. Dinner will be served by the ladies of the congregation on the grounds adjoining the cottages of Judge Look and Frank Staffan, overlooking the lake, for which a charge of 25 cents will be made.

A cordial invitation is extended to all citizens to be present.

### Struck a Bad Combination.

Will Lehman met with a bad burning accident Friday evening, as the result of a too close combination of gasoline, kerosene and fire. He has been buying up old farm machinery and stripping it of the woodwork in order to get the old iron from it lately. Friday evening about 8:30 he set a fire to some old machinery and in order to expedite matters poured some kerosene oil as he thought on them. But there had been gasoline in the can before kerosene was put in it and the result was the gasoline had worked its way to the top and when turned on the fire it went off with a flash. Mr. Lehman's bare arms and face were terribly burned causing him intense pain, and Dr. Bush had to work over him until 11 o'clock before he made him comfortable so that he could sleep. Will is out and around again, however, despite his bad burns.

### Hay Fever—August 20th.

Hay Fever appears about August 20th; Dr. Humphrey's Specific "77" cures it. For sale by all druggists, 25c, or mailed on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., New York.

ARE YOU

HARD TO PLEASE

IN REGARD TO COFFEE?

Try our Mocha and Java at 25c. per pound,

—OR—

Our Choice Blend at 15c. per pound.

—COME TO THE—

BANK DRUG STORE

For Choice Perfumes, Sponges, Chamois Skins. Always  
the Lowest Price.

GLAZIER & STIMSON.

CLOTHING THE BEST FOR THE MONEY.

—CALL AT—

Raftrey's Glass Block,

For anything in the shape of

CLOTHING.

With a new  
device we  
clean all kinds  
of Silks and  
Woolen Goods,  
Laces and  
Gloves.



Suits for \$10  
and up.  
Trousers \$3  
and up.  
Vests \$2.50  
and up.  
Top Coats for  
\$8 and up.

The finest, largest and best stock to select from. Samples without end.

CLOTHING THAT HAS NO EQUAL.

## THE FACT

That we enjoy an unsolicited trade ought to be sufficient proof that our work is entirely satisfactory and the designs and quality of our fabrics

Worthy the Consideration of the Most  
Fashionable Gentlemen.

GEORGE WEBSTER, Merchant Tailor

At Farrell's Pure Food Store

YOU WILL FIND

Sweet and Sour Pickles and  
Canned Goods for Campers.

Get a pound of good Coffee for 25c. Picnic Hams and Bacon. Good Salt Pork 5c per pound.

JOHN FARRELL.

## What Constitutes a First-Class Market?

Keeping everything in season in sufficient variety to supply all wants. Keeping a nice, clean store with everything in its place and a place for everything, and clerks that know their business. Keeping first quality of goods, prices within reason, and a proprietor who is willing to listen to suggestions from his patrons.

TERMS—CASH.

ADAM EPPLER.



## SPECIAL LOW PRICES

Refrigerators and Ice Cream Freezers at prices to close.

Furniture at special low prices for the month of August.

Empire and Buckeye Grain Drills at the right prices.

Spring Tooth Harrows at prices to close.

W. J. KNAPP.



# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

T. W. MCGAY, Editor and Proprietor.  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

## THE WEEK'S NEWS

Happenings of the Past Seven Days in Brief.

### ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

Casualties and Fires, Personal and Political Notes, Business Failures and Resumptions, Weather Record.

### INTELLIGENCE FROM ALL PARTS

#### DOMESTIC.

The United States military post at Dyce, Alaska, was destroyed by fire. Mrs. Maggie Walton and Mrs. Ida Ontsis, sisters, were drowned in the Savannah river at Augusta, Ga., while bathing.

The yellow fever situation at Hampton, Va., is improving. No new cases were reported.

A cloudburst in the canyon near Morrison, Col., caused the loss of several lives.

Louis Henderson, a negro, was lynched by a mob at Blakeley, Ga., for attempting to assault the six-year-old daughter of J. W. Bowman, a planter.

In St. Mary's and Calvert counties in Maryland a storm caused great damage to buildings and six persons were killed.

John L. Sullivan, ex-champion of the prize ring, has opened a saloon in New York.

At the annual conference in Birmingham, Ala., of the presiding elders of the African Methodist Episcopal council of Georgia and Alabama a resolution was adopted calling upon congress to appropriate \$100,000,000 to deport negroes from this country to whatever place or places it may be deemed best.

Arlington paced a mile in 2:07 1/4 at Youngstown, O., being the fastest mile ever raced on a half-mile track.

Henna Hauser, treasurer of a New York theater, jumped from the Brooklyn bridge into the water and was rescued without serious injury.

The Pennsylvania troops from Manila disembarked from the transport Senator in San Francisco and were given a hearty welcome.

The yellow fever situation at Hampton, Va., continues favorable and encouraging.

Major Taylor lowered in Chicago the world's bicycle record for a paced mile to 1:22 2-5.

During a storm at Preston, Minn., mills, buildings and bridges were demolished.

News from Dawson, Alaska, say that thousands of men are idle and loafing on every street corner.

A storm swept over Westmoreland, Stafford and King George counties, Va., and crops were damaged, trees blown down, several houses were unroofed and horses and cattle were killed by lightning.

Violence again marked the street railroad strike in Cleveland, O., and the authorities were becoming alarmed, particularly so because all the militia, except two companies, have been sent home.

At the Epworth assembly at Lincoln, Neb., Rev. W. H. Murn, the blind chaplain of the national congress, was prostrated by the heat while in the pulpit and was in a serious condition.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 4th aggregated \$1,596,778,656, against \$1,681,620,431 the previous week. The increase compared with the corresponding week of 1898 was 34.6.

There were 182 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 4th, against 151 the week previous and 196 in the corresponding period of 1898.

Thousands of Texas goats have been marketed in Kansas City, Mo., for mutton.

At a crossing on the Chicago & Northwestern railway two miles east of Dakota City, Ia., three unknown young men and their team were instantly killed.

The corn crop of Kansas this year will reach 400,000,000 bushels.

Frank Naska, an Italian, was hanged at St. John, La., for a triple murder.

The monuments erected to the memory of Illinois soldiers at Chattanooga, Tenn., will be dedicated November 23.

William Waldorf Astor, who lately renounced American citizenship, was burned in effigy in Long Acre square in New York.

Alexander Hill (colored) was hanged at Centerville, Ala., for the murder of Mrs. Rufus Hubbard.

Otto F. Schleuber shot and killed his wife and himself in Cleveland, O. Jealousy was the cause.

James Phelps and Sam Bailey, two negroes, were hanged at Charleston, S. C., from the same scaffold for murder.

Official reports from the soldiers' home at Hampton, Va., show that the yellow fever situation there continues favorable.

Dozens of cattle and horses were killed and barns were destroyed by a cyclone at Hicksville, O.

Street railway strikers in Cleveland, O., stoned cars and injured several persons.

In Philadelphia Burns Pierce, of Boston, broke the bicycle record for two, three, four and five miles. The time was 1:34 for first mile, 3:09 for second, 4:46 for third, 6:23 for fourth and 8:02 for fifth.

John Maxey, a negro, was hanged at Van Buren, Ark., for assaulting a little girl.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 6th were: Brooklyn, .670; Boston, .626; Philadelphia, .602; Baltimore, .582; Chicago, .554; St. Louis, .548; Cincinnati, .543; Pittsburgh, .511; Louisville, .444; New York, .398; Washington, .362; Cleveland, .175.

Hebrews have been denied admittance at the Oriental hotel, Manhattan Beach, N. Y.

Gold certificates are again to be issued by the treasury department.

By the capsizing of a row boat on the Patuxent river near Baltimore, Md., Andrew Deems, William J. Lyman, James Walsh, Edward Garry and Mrs. Hoover were drowned.

John Williams murdered his divorced wife near Cortland, Ill., and then killed himself.

Elwood Haynes and E. L. Apperson arrived in New York, having made a trip from Kokomo, Ind., on an automobile in 20 days. The distance is 1,050 miles.

Because her 16-year-old daughter Ruth had loved unwisely, Mrs. Catherine Wise, of Greentown, O., cut her throat while she was sleeping, and then committed suicide.

Jim Nite, the only surviving member of the Dalton gang of outlaws, was sentenced at Henderson, Tex., to life imprisonment for murder.

A trolley car went over a trestle 50 feet high near Bridgeport, Conn., and 35 persons were killed and others were injured.

Twenty persons were killed and 40 were injured as the result of the breaking down of a ferry slip at Mount Desert Ferry, Me.

President McKinley has purchased the famous McKinley cottage in Canton, O. It was endeared to President and Mrs. McKinley as their first home, where they began housekeeping.

The works of the Glens Falls (N. Y.) Portland Cement company were burned, causing a loss of \$250,000.

**PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.**

Iowa republicans in convention in Des Moines renominated Leslie M. Shaw for governor, J. C. Millman for lieutenant governor, R. C. Barrett for superintendent of public instruction, and nominated John C. Sherwin for supreme court judge. The platform indorses the McKinley war policy and the gold standard.

Gen. Rufus R. Dawes, a civil war veteran and father of the comptroller of the currency, died in Marietta, O., aged 61 years.

Kentucky prohibitionists met in Louisville and nominated O. T. Wallace, of Garrard county, for governor. The platform denounces the state administration and favors woman's suffrage.

The Maryland democrats met in Baltimore and nominated for governor John Walter Smith, of Worcester county.

The populists of the Eighth congressional district of Missouri have nominated W. R. Hale, of Phelps county, for congress.

The democrats of the Eighth district of Missouri have nominated Dorsey W. Shackelford, of Booneville, for congress to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Richard P. Bland.

The republicans of the Eighth Missouri district have nominated J. W. Voshall for congress.

Ex-Congressman W. A. Piper died in San Francisco. He was 75 years old and leaves an estate valued at over \$2,000,000.

Mrs. Catherine Medars died at her home in Brooklyn, Ind., aged 101 years.

William Brooks, aged 112 years, and Otway Davis, aged 107, died in Knoxville, Tenn.

Rev. George W. Pepper, D. D., died in Cleveland, O. He was a civil war veteran and United States consul to Milan under the Harrison administration.

**FOREIGN.**

Robert Hendry, Sr., celebrated at Kingston, Ont., the one hundredth anniversary of his birth.

Two of the assassins of President Heuresaux, of San Domingo, have been captured and shot.

The Mexican government troops have killed 83 Indians in Sonora.

It is reported that the czar of Russia proposes to resign in favor of his brother.

The czar of Russia announces that he is well pleased with the work done by the peace conference at The Hague.

A dispatch from Manila says that the insurgents at San Fernando captured and burned the United States steamer Saturnus.

The cruiser New Orleans arrived at Santo Domingo City, where she was sent to protect American interests in case of an outbreak.

The trial of Capt. Dreyfus, charged with revealing army secrets, began at Rennes, France.

Admiral Dewey arrived in Naples on board the flagship Olympia.

The supreme council of war in Madrid acquitted the officers charged with the responsibility of surrendering Santiago to the Americans.

Mrs. John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, was robbed at the Elysee Palace hotel in Paris of jewels valued at \$40,000.

Seventeen persons were killed and 37 injured in a collision on the Orleans railway at Juvisy, France.

**LATER.**

Gen. Miles has ordered that target practice be the chief feature of the instruction given the soldiers in the new regiments being raised for service in the Philippines.

At the trial in Rennes, France, of Capt. Dreyfus, the accused man testified that he was innocent of the charges against him.

It is stated that the insurgents in the Philippines demand \$7,000,000 for the release of the Spanish prisoners held by them.

The United States transport McPherson, from Cuban and Porto Rican ports, with discharged and furloughed officers and men, arrived in New York.

An armed uprising in Santo Domingo in support of the presidential aspirations of Juan Isidro Jimenez is said to have begun.

A statement prepared at the war department shows that by October 22 there will be at Manila or on the way to the Philippines 46,000 men.

Later advices say that 29 persons were killed in the trolley car accident near Bridgeport, Conn.

At Colorado Springs, Col., William Borden fatally shot Miss Mabel McKenna because she refused to marry him and then shot himself.

Later news from the scene of the disaster at Mount Desert Ferry, Me., says that 20 persons perished.

The grape crop in the lake shore belt in Ohio has been almost totally destroyed by dry rot, entailing a loss of \$1,000,000.

The visible supply of grain in the United States on the 7th was: Wheat, 37,166,000 bushels; corn, 10,461,000 bushels; oats, 4,511,000 bushels; rye, 593,000 bushels; barley, 416,000 bushels.

A race riot occurred at the Poe cotton mills near Greenville, S. C., in which one white man and five negroes were badly wounded.

Salvador Praizers, an Italian, shot and killed his wife at Oil City, Pa., and then shot himself. No cause is known for the crime.

Robert O'Shea, of Mount Clemens, Mich., committed suicide at Niagara Falls, N. Y., by jumping into the Niagara whirlpool.

Troops A, D and M, Third cavalry, left Fort Myer, Va., for Seattle, en route to Manila.

For the first time in over two weeks the city of Cleveland, O., is practically without military protection and the people were again riding on the street cars unmolested by strikers.

**MINOR NEWS ITEMS.**

The products of the mineral industries of Kansas for 1898 amounted to more than \$7,000,000.

Eighty-four per cent. of the entire state of Idaho is still public land, amounting to more than 44,000,000 acres.

John Jacob Astor is organizing and equipping at his own expense in New York another company for service in the Philippines.

A statue of the late United States Senator Zebulon B. Vance is to be placed at the eastern entrance to the Capitol square, Raleigh, N. C.

American printing presses have appeared in Edinburgh, and the only adverse criticism made is that they turn out papers faster than is necessary.

The navy department has decided in the case of new gunshops at Washington navy yard that workmen must not be employed more than eight hours a day.

Ferdinand W. Peck, United States commissioner-general to the Paris exposition, has been requested to give the Christian Endeavor society space for a building of its own.

Thomas F. O'Brien, a New York policeman who pleaded guilty to having stolen jewelry from a dead body, was sentenced to four years and three months in Sing Sing.

After several years' consideration the Pennsylvania Railroad company has decided to create a pension and superannuation fund for the benefit of the employees of the company.

Gov. Geer, of Oregon, has decided to present each member of the Second Oregon regiment with a bronze medal, to be cast from one of the cannon captured in the Philippines.

The Hotel Eisenbeis at Port Townsend has been leased by the United States government and will be used as a hospital for the sick and wounded soldiers from the Philippines.

Within the past eight years there has been a gain of 86 per cent. in the enrollment of the secondary schools of the United States, a rate of increase said to be five times that of the increase in population.

The judge advocate of the navy department in an opinion decides that there is nothing in the law or regulations requiring a naval vessel to employ a pilot. The decision is general in its application to all ports.

## DREYFUS AT THE BAR.

Famous Prisoner's Trial Begins at Rennes.

He Vehemently Proclaims His Innocence of the Charges Brought Against Him—Dossier to Be Secretly Examined.

Rennes, Aug. 8.—The proceedings of the court-martial before which Capt. Dreyfus is on trial opened at 7:10 o'clock Monday morning and a few hours later adjourned, after deciding to sit behind closed doors to-day and as many of the following days as are necessary for the examination of the secret dossier. The next public session will probably take place on Saturday. Capt. Dreyfus entered the courtroom with a firm step, though his features were pallid. He is partly bald, and what hair he has is gray and close-clipped.

He answered the formal questions of the judge as to his name, age, etc., in a clear, determined voice. He sat facing the judges with his hands resting on his knees, an impassive figure. The trial opened, so far as Rennes is concerned, in an atmosphere of perfect tranquillity. The population is apparently indifferent.

When Dreyfus, wearing glasses, rose from his seat for examination, he stood erect, holding his kepi in his hand before him. He looked Col. Jouast in the face during the whole interrogatory.

**The Charges.**  
Col. Jouast began by saying:

"It results from the documents just read, that you are accused of having brought about machinations or held relations with a foreign power, or one or more of its agents, in order to procure it means, by delivering it documents, indicated in the incriminating bordereau, to commit hostilities or undertake war against France. I notify you that you will be allowed to state during the course of these proceedings anything that appears to you useful for your defense."

**"I Am Innocent."**  
Dreyfus replied with a vehement declaration of his innocence, repeating several times:

"I am innocent," in a voice which quivered with emotion. The agonized manner in which he uttered his protestations of innocence had a most painful effect, and must have evoked the sympathy of even his most inveterate enemies.

Col. Jouast submitted Dreyfus to a rigorous examination, more in the style of a prosecuting counsel than a judge, and made gestures of impatience at some direct denials which Dreyfus gave repeatedly to the judge's questions. The prisoner's voice resounded frequently through the courtroom, as he energetically replied:

"No, my colonel," or "Never, never," to questions put to him.

The widow of Lieut. Col. Henry, dressed in deep mourning, was present in court and replied to her name in the roll call of witnesses.

After the court had decided not to adjourn on account of the absence of certain witnesses, the clerk of the court was ordered to read M. d'Ormescheville's bill of indictment of 1894, which he did in a loud voice, Dreyfus, in the meanwhile, listening unmoved as the old charges against him were read.

Col. Jouast then handed the prisoner a long slip of cardboard, upon which the bordereau was pasted.

"Do you recognize this document?" Dreyfus replied, with a passionate outburst:

"No, my colonel. I am innocent. I declare it here, as I declared it in 1894. I am a victim." His voice here was choked with sobs, which must have stirred every spectator in court. The voice of the prisoner did not seem human. It resembled the cry of a wounded animal.

As he ended his reply with the words: "Five years in the galleys! My wife! My children! My God, I am innocent!—innocent!" Col. Jouast said: "Then you deny it?"

Dreyfus replied: "Yes, my colonel." Altogether about 100 witnesses will be called on both sides. Maj. Carriere, the government's commissary, then said that in view of the official mission of Gen. Chanoine and M. Paleologue to furnish the court with all the necessary explanations respecting the secret dossier, their depostions, as witnesses, would be dispensed with, adding that the consideration of the dossier would probably occupy four days.

On the final return of the court Maj. Carriere said he thought the absence of Esterhazy ought not to prevent the trial proceeding.

"Let him come or not," he said, "it matters nothing to us."

**A Dramatic Scene.**  
Col. Jouast spoke of the interview with Du Paty de Clam, and Dreyfus replied: "I never confessed anything to Du Paty de Clam."

Here occurred one of the most dramatic scenes in the examination. Dreyfus, tremendously excited, swayed to and fro for a moment and then all his pent-up emotion and indignation burst forth and he cried in a piercing voice, heard throughout the court and even by those standing outside:

"It is iniquitous to condemn an innocent man. I never confessed anything; never."

Dreyfus, as he uttered the words, raised his right white-gloved hand and held it aloft as if appealing to heaven to vindicate him.

**"Honor is Purchased by Deeds We Do."**  
Deeds, not words, count in battles of peace as well as in war. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. It has won many remarkable victories over the arch enemy of mankind—impure blood. It is the best medicine money can buy. Be sure to get only Hood's, because  
**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Never Disappoints

**The Battle Field Route.**  
The Veterans of sixty-one and five, and their friends, who are going to attend the 33rd G. A. R. Annual Encampment at Philadelphia in September, could not select a better nor more historic route than the Big Four, Chesapeake & Ohio, with splendid service from Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis on the Big Four, all connecting at Indianapolis or Cincinnati and thence over the picturesque Chesapeake & Ohio along the Ohio river to Huntington, West Va., thence through the foot-hills of the Alleghenies, over the Mountains, through the famous Springs Region of Virginia to Staunton, Va., between which point and Washington, are many of the most prominent battle-fields: Waynesboro, Gordonsville, Cedar Mountain, Rappahannock, Kettle Run, Manassas, Bull Run, Fairfax, and a score of others nearly as prominent. Washington is next, and thence via the Pennsylvania Line direct to Philadelphia. There will be three rates in effect for this business: 1st. Continuous passage, with no stop-over privilege; 2nd. Going and coming same route with one stop-over in each direction; 3d. Circumroute, going one way and back another with one stop-over in each direction. For full information as to Routes, Rates, etc., address J. C. Tucker, G. N. A., 234 Clark St., Chicago.

**Fee Strangely Earned.**  
It was on the night of the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons prize fight, and a man reached the West side apartment house in which he lived about two o'clock. A search of all his pockets failed to bring forth his bunch of keys. He rang the bell repeatedly for the janitor, but could get no response. He was exceedingly tired, there was no hotel in the neighborhood, and, besides, there were family reasons why it was inadvisable for him to spend the rest of the night away from home. The sight of a physician's night bell gave him an idea. He pushed the button hard for 30 seconds or more. In due season the physician came to the door and opened it.  
"What is your fee for night calls?" asked the locked-out individual.  
"Four dollars," was the astonished reply.  
"All right, here you are. I was locked out and couldn't get in. Sorry to trouble you," and he began his weary march upstairs, happy in the thought of the evils he had escaped.—N. Y. Tribune.

The completion of the million and a half dollar terminals of the Burlington Railroad at Quincy, Ill., marks an important stage in the development of that system. It was only five years ago that the road built into St. Louis, and established there an enormous freight yard, with a capacity of 3,000 cars. Elsewhere, at Chicago, St. Paul, Kansas City and Denver, the Burlington has facilities for handling freight and passengers that are unexcelled.

**Out.**  
Caller—I have here several bills which are long overdue and—  
Harduppe (desperately)—I am sorry to say that our cashier is out to-day.  
"Oh, well, it doesn't make much difference; I'll call and pay them at some future date. Good day, sir."—Philadelphia Record.

The Nickel Plate Road, with its Peerless Trio of Fast Express Trains Daily and Unexcelled Dining Car Service, offers rates lower than via other lines. The Short Line between Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

**Appreciated.**  
Wife—John, let me tell you that as surely as you keep on in your present career, just so surely will you pay for your indulgence. Husband (with air of pride)—Thanks, dear, for that tender tribute to my financial probity.—Boston Courier.

**To Cure a Cold in One Day**  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure.

Williams—"I understand you moved your family last week." Jackson—"Yes; our servant girl didn't like the location we were in."—Columbus Journal.

Horses like to be well stalled, but not in a muddy highway.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 93,241]

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—For some time I have thought of writing to you to let you know of the great benefit I have received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Soon after the birth of my first child, I commenced to have spells with my spine. Every month I grew worse and at last became so bad that I found I was gradually losing my mind.

The doctors treated me for female troubles, but I got no better. One doctor told me that I would be insane. I was advised by a friend to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and before I had taken all of the first bottle my neighbors noticed the change in me.

"I have now taken five bottles and cannot find words sufficient to praise it. I advise every woman who is suffering from any female weakness to give it a fair trial. I thank you for your good medicine."—MRS. GERTRUDE M. JOHNSON, JONESBORO, TEXAS.

**Mrs. Perkins' Letter.**  
"I had female trouble of all kinds, had three doctors, but only grew worse. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills and used the Sanative Wash, and cannot praise your remedies enough."—MRS. EFFIE PERKINS, PEARL, LA.

**Mrs. Johnson Saved from Insanity by Mrs. Pinkham.**  
I have received from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Soon after the birth of my first child, I commenced to have spells with my spine. Every month I grew worse and at last became so bad that I found I was gradually losing my mind.

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# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.  
CHELSEA. : : MICHIGAN.

## DRIFTING.

We drift, my love and I, while softly,  
The lingering day sinks in the arms of  
night.  
Our tongues are mute, for in that silence  
holy  
Vain words would only mar each soul's  
delight.

Upon the lake's edge stand the weeping  
willows,  
Trailing with listless arms the waters  
clear;  
While overhead, roseate and pearl-gray  
billows  
Lie close to heaven's breast. Some stars  
appear.

And wink their eyes as though just roused  
from slumber,  
While peeping through a vaporous veil  
above.  
The distant east takes on a greater umber,  
The twilight breeze is singing low of love.

We drift, my love, and I, 'mid twilight  
splendor,  
The sunset glory's sheen spread on the  
sky:  
Her face is close to mine, her eyes are  
tender,  
And glowing with a light that cannot die.

Upon her face there falls a heavenly glory,  
The sun's last rays reflected from  
above.  
And pictured there I see that old, sweet  
story,  
A trusting woman's pure, unsullied love.

We drift, alone, her hand in mine, confid-  
ing:  
The waters gently murmur as we glide,  
Within each heart eternal love abiding,  
Faith, hope and trust, that God will ever  
guide.

—E. Carl Litsey, in Louisville Courier-  
Journal.



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## CHAPTER XX—CONTINUED.

Now it happened that as I gained the cor-  
ridor I saw in the dim light a figure re-  
treating hastily before me, but with noise-  
less footsteps; and having in mind the  
strange attempts to play spy on us, I made  
no doubt but that here was the culprit, and  
followed up. I saw the figure turn at the  
end of the corridor and enter another gal-  
lery, then another, and yet another, finally  
vanishing as it were against the wall. Owing  
to my not knowing the way properly, and to  
the semi-gloom, I was unable to follow fast  
enough to overtake the spy, who flitted  
before me like a ghost, but in a very human  
hurry. When at length I came up to the  
wall, I looked to see if there was a door of  
any kind; but could discern nothing, and was  
so astonished that for a moment I felt a lit-  
tle chilled, thinking that it may have been a  
spirit after all. Fortifying myself, how-  
ever, with the thought that if it was a spirit  
it seemed in no way anxious to meet me, I  
went to a closer examination, and saw by the  
moonlight that I was before a door, painted  
in exact imitation of the marble wall. This  
settled my doubts, and, putting  
my shoulder to it, I made a trial, with all  
my strength, to force passage, but in vain.  
I therefore gave up the matter, and turned  
to find my way back. This was, however,  
easier said than done. I could not find the  
gallery I wanted, and, after groping about  
hopelessly for a little time, thought I had  
best give a shout, which would no doubt  
summon some one to my aid. I was just  
about to carry this into execution, when, on  
further reflection, it struck me that I might  
be landed in other difficulties thereby, and  
that I might make another try to free my-  
self, without bringing the house about my  
ears, and perhaps compromising the secre-  
tary, who had, I saw, an enterprising and  
active enemy under his roof. So I stilled my  
tongue and made further exploration, with  
the result that I found myself before a stair-  
way that led to the floor below me, and de-  
termined to see where this would take me.  
Accordingly I descended as softly as pos-  
sible, and arrived in a few steps at a small  
landing, covered by a carpet so thick that  
I felt as if I was treading on the softest moss.  
At the end of the landing, and opposite to  
me, was a half-opened door, the room in-  
side being in light. Stepping noiselessly up  
to the door I peered in, and saw a chamber  
furnished with the utmost luxury, and ap-  
parently just vacated by its occupants. In a  
corner of the room stood a harp, lying on a  
table close to a low luxurious seat were some  
articles of dainty feminine embroidery; soft  
silk curtains shrouded the walls, and the  
ceiling was painted, apparently with some  
representation of the history of the house.  
A white marble figure of Cupid held out at  
arm's length a lamp, whose opal shade soft-  
ened its bright light; and on a gilded tri-  
angle, set in an alcove, swung a blue and  
scarlet macaw—a rare eastern bird—who,  
with his head tucked under his wing, slept  
in a position which would be intolerable  
torture to any other created thing except a  
bird. It was clear that I had invaded the  
private sitting-room of the ladies, or lady,  
of the household; and I was about to beat  
a hasty retreat, when the screen of an inner  
room was swung aside, and I saw before me  
my two unknowns of the garden of St.  
Michael, and the giver of the tari which had  
saved me from death. It was too late to go  
back now, as the sound of my feet on the  
marble stairs would certainly reach and  
perhaps alarm them, and I was until they  
retired again, and then go back. This I  
judged would be very shortly as it was  
late. I had not, however, sufficient experi-  
ence then, of the lengths to which those  
nocturnal confidences, in which the fair sex  
indulge with each other, extend. In the  
meantime I could not but admire the grace-

ful figures before me, and especially of her  
who had given me the tari. Clad in a soft,  
clinging robe, clasped by a jewel at her  
throat, and a silver girdle round her waist,  
with her pale, proud features set in a mass  
of dark hair, she seemed to me an embodi-  
ment of pure womanhood, and I thought  
how lucky the man would be who could have  
such a companion to help him through life.  
I guessed also that the other was the wife  
of Machiavelli, being aided thereto by her  
statement, when I drove Luigi off, that her  
husband was one who could help me much.  
At the same time I could not but feel some  
pity in my heart for her, when I thought she  
was wedded to a man of a character so con-  
trastory as that of the secretary, who  
could leave a fair wife for the sake of indulg-  
ing in low dissipation, and come back after  
a narrow escape with his life, to bury him-  
self in matters of state, or in the perusal of  
the ancients. However, there was no sign  
of sorrow on her fair and mirthful face, as  
with all the teasing nature of a kitten she  
walked up to the macaw and stirred him up  
with her white fingers, an attention he did  
not appear to relish, for he ruffled his plume,  
and let forth an ear-piercing shriek.

"Heavens!" she laughed, "how that bird  
screams! He is almost as cross as you, An-  
giola."

"Thanks," replied the other; "I do sym-  
patize with the bird, though, for you never  
leave off teasing. It is enough to make a  
saint cross, Marietta."

"Well, I won't tease any more," and Mari-  
etta put her hand on her friend's shoulder.  
"I am sure, though, it was he, and I will  
have the last word."

I wondered to whom the reference was  
made, as Angiola replied: "I really do not  
care if it was; but there is a draught, and  
I must shut this door."

She came up so quickly that there was no  
time to retreat, and in a moment I was dis-  
covered.

She gave a little cry and stepped back.

"Who are you, sir? How dare you?"

I saw that the other was going to scream  
out, and burst forth: "Madam, I implore  
you to be still. There is absolutely no dan-  
ger. I have had business with his excel-  
lency and missed my way. Pardon the in-  
trusion," and I stood with my cap in my  
hand.

"Well, sir," said the Lady Angiola, "as  
you have found out that you have missed  
your way, had you not better turn back?"

"Why, Angiola, it is the gentleman who  
rescued us in the gardens!" called out Ma-  
donna Marietta, with a sudden recognition.

"Who looks as if he were here now to  
make up for it by cutting our throats. Ac-  
cording to you he should have been dying of  
starvation at Santa Felicità."

"Madam," I cut in, "I wish I had died of  
starvation rather than heard this. I will,  
however, restore what I have received. If  
you can only show me the way out of this  
house I shall be grateful, and I again seek  
pardon for disturbing you."

"I suppose you are speaking the truth.  
Come, give me that candle, Marietta."

The other handed her a candlestick, and,  
refusing my proffer to bear it, and with a  
curt request to walk in front, she directed  
and led me along the interminable galleries  
until I recognized the corridor from which  
I entered. I was again about to thank her,  
but she simply pointed to the door.

"Your way lies there, sir."

I opened the door and stepped on to the  
stairway without another word. In shut-  
ting the door behind me I glanced once  
more in her direction. She was already on  
her way back, the single candle throwing  
its soft light on her loose robes and graceful  
figure.

I made my way down the stairs, at the end  
realizing the sensation of suddenly finding  
my foot meet the ground after the last step.  
I thought there was yet another and was  
brought up with a nasty jerk. Stepping out  
softly into the street, and holding my drawn  
sword in my hand, I hurried towards my  
abode. When I had gone about 50 paces I  
heard the sound of a door opening and shut-  
ting behind me, but thinking it was the wind  
playing with the door I had left unlocked,  
having no key, I took no notice, and went  
on; but soon became aware I was being fol-  
lowed. I stopped, therefore, and delibera-  
tely faced round. The footsteps behind me  
instantly ceased, and I could make out through  
the moonlight the shadowy figure of a man,  
stooping as if to search for something. This  
was, of course, nothing but a pretense, and  
I had half a mind to go back and question  
him. Reflecting, however, that it would be  
wiser to avoid any further adventures for  
the night, and that after all it was but like  
one man, I went on, and my pursuer did like-  
wise, but at a greater distance than before,  
until finally he apparently gave the matter  
up, seeing I was on my guard. Crossing the  
square of Santa Felicità, however, I saw  
some one running swiftly a little ahead of  
me, and then disappear behind the shelter  
of the small casino of the Medici which  
stood there. I felt sure it was my shadower.  
He had passed me by some short cut, and  
was now probably intending to bring mat-  
ters to a head. Keeping well in the middle  
of the road I went on, and to my surprise  
saw nothing, but in a short time again be-  
came conscious that I was dodged, and,  
dropping into an artifice, quickened my pace  
to a run. The sound of rapid footsteps be-  
hind me showed that my curious friend was  
doing likewise, and, not to deprive him of  
the exercise, I kept up the pace, until we  
reached the street di Pucci and were close  
to my lodging. Here I faced about and ran  
back full speed at my pursuer, feeling sure  
that the burst I had given him would try  
all his speed to get away. He so little cal-  
culated on my change of front that he ran on  
about 20 yards before realizing what was the  
matter. Then he turned round and was  
about to make off, when I reached him, and,  
driving him against the wall, held him there,  
with the point of my sword at his breast.

"Imagine my surprise on seeing before me  
the young man with whom Ceci had gone  
away on our return from the funeral of  
Corte's daughter. He was doubtless also the  
spy of the evening, and now, with a face  
white with either terror or anger, crouched  
before me, holding a dagger in his  
hand; but any attempt to use it would have  
been useless."

"Well," I said, "have you had enough of  
this?" and I emphasized the question with  
a sharp prick.

"Mercy!" he called out, thinking his last  
hour come, and scrambled on to the pave-  
ment.

"Be off with you, then!" I said, and assist-  
ed his departure with a hearty kick as he  
rose. He needed no second-bidding, but  
made off at a good pace.

When his figure mingled up with the haze,  
and was lost to view, I proceeded on my way,  
wondering a little at the incident. I could  
not help connecting it with the affair in the  
secretary's room—the man I had chased up the  
endless galleries of his house, and the at-  
tempt at murder in the Marzocco Inn.  
Why was I followed? I could not make this  
out; but, thankful that I had escaped with a  
whole skin, climbed up the winding stair-  
way of the tower which led to my chamber.  
Carefully shutting the door, I lit my candle  
and emptied out the contents of the bag I  
had received from Machiavelli on to my bed,  
so that the coins might make no sound.

## CHAPTER XXI. THE LETTER OF D'AMBOISE.

I could have thrown my cap over the  
housetops, I could have shouted for joy, as  
I saw the coins spread out before me. I  
stooped over them, holding the candle aloft  
in one hand, whilst I ran the fingers of the  
other through the clinking metal. There  
they lay! broad, shining pieces of silver,  
flecked, here and again, with the mellow  
light of gold. At one stroke, when my luck  
was apparently at its lowest ebb, it had  
turned again, and was coming up in high  
tide. Not only this, I was to go to Rome,  
the very place of all others where I was like-  
ly to meet D'Entragues; and I breathed  
an impious prayer that good angels might  
see him come to no hurt until we met, and  
even as I prayed the vision of that dying  
woman who forgave with her last breath  
came before me. My hand shook so that I  
could barely hold the candle, and, turning  
away, I placed it on the table and went up  
to my window. Midnight was long past and  
we were touching the morning. The only  
sound that broke the stillness was the dis-  
tant clang of the martello, keeping up its  
insistent beat; but the wind was from me,  
and the chime came softened to my ears.  
Already the east was whitening, and the  
moon was sinking to rest. All the old half-  
formed resolutions I had made to let my  
enemy's crime pass, to leave vengeance in  
the hands of God, came up and fought with  
the fierce desire that the apparent oppor-  
tunity of meeting D'Entragues again had  
fanned into life. What had not that man  
done to me? How could I forgive? We are  
all not framed in the same way. A tender  
woman might condone what man would  
never pass over. Why should I not be the  
instrument of God's punishment on that  
man? Without him nothing was possible,  
and if I succeeded in killing D'Entragues  
would it not mean that the deed had His  
sanction? On the other hand, there were  
the words of Savonarola's text, and the for-  
giveness I had seen with mine own eyes.



Held him with the point of my sword at his breast.

Tossed by doubt, now resolved, now waver-  
ing—at one time certain I was right to be  
my own law, at another encompassed by a  
terrible fear of sin—I did what all men have  
to do at some time or other; I sank down on  
my knees and wrestled with the temptation.  
I do not know what words of prayer I used,  
or how long I was there; but I can say this,  
that when I rose my mind was at rest, and  
I had won a fight with myself. I would leave  
D'Entragues to the justice of God. And  
for my honor? I would win it back again,  
not in distant lands, but here—here, where  
it was taken from me, and then—what a fool  
I was! When my shield was white once  
more I would sheathe my sword, rebuild our  
old castle in the Sabine Hills, and there,  
perhaps—oh! I dreamed mad things when  
that peace fell upon me. But there was such  
a prosaic matter as sleep, and I had work  
for the morrow, so I pulled myself together,  
and with a mind more comfortable than for  
many a day swept the coins into the bag,  
saw again to the fastening of the door, and,  
seeking my bed, slept a dreamful sleep until  
aroused by the cooing of my friends, the  
pigeons. It was with a very different air  
that I went down the stairs that morning,  
and I realized, from contrast, how brave a  
heart a full purse can make. I meant to have  
paid Ceci at once, but he was not in his of-  
fice, so I breakfasted in a leisurely manner  
at the sign of the Double Florin and then  
returned.

As soon as I reached the Albizzi Palace, I  
went straight to Ceci's office, and found him  
engaged in conversation with a man. The  
latter started when he saw me, and hurriedly  
took his departure, but not before I recog-  
nized in him Ceci's nephew, and my  
shadow of last night. He gave me no friend-  
ly look as he went out; perhaps he was sore  
with the memory of the end of my boot, and  
I had a mind to give him the day, but pru-  
dently held my tongue between my teeth.  
Ceci was looking much disturbed and an-  
noyed, and I laughed secretly to myself as  
I thought that, after all, I had been the in-  
strument of upsetting the political plot to  
murder, in which the old conspirator had a  
share.

"A good day to you, Messer Ceci," I said.

"I have come to settle my account."

"It is of long standing," he replied, some-  
what brusquely; but I was not going to lose  
my temper, as I had things to find out.

"All the more pleasure in receiving it,"  
and, placing a couple of gold pieces on the  
table, I received my quittance and change.

"Messer Ceci," I went on, "I leave Flo-  
rence to-day and there has been ill blood be-  
tween us—your making entirely. I cannot  
forget, however, that when I was ill you  
helped me much, and that in other ways you  
were kind. Let us part friends—and, Messer  
Ceci, you are old. I would advise you to let  
matters of state alone."

He looked at me, and the corners of his  
mouth hardened, as he said: "Leave me  
and my age alone, Messer Donati. If it was  
not for you there would have been a deed  
done last night at which all Florence would  
have rung again."

"So your precious nephew brought the  
news to you this morning?" I answered,  
with a question, hazarding a shot.

Ceci remained silent, and, drawing my  
conclusions, I went on: "Had what you  
plotted succeeded you would have been in a  
fair way to taste the arms of the rack. Even  
now you are not safe. You see, Ceci, I know  
too much, and it would be wise to be civil."  
"Not safe," and he laughed scornfully—  
"who says I am not safe?"

"I do—remember, the secretary has long  
arms."

"There are others who have longer, Messer  
Donati, and a dead tongue can tell no tales."

"I take your warning," I replied, and,  
turning on my heel, sought my chamber to  
await Machiavelli's messenger. I could not  
help thinking I had been wise to force the  
conversation with the intendante as I had  
done, and was sure, now that Ceci and the  
other conspirators were aware who had  
spoiled their soup, they would devote a lit-  
tle attention to me. It behooved me, there-  
fore, to wear a loose sword for the future,  
and look well into corners before I passed  
them. I was not sure, moreover, whether I  
should still consider myself bound by my  
promise of secrecy, now that I had been as  
much as told that the conspirators were like-  
ly to include me in their plans, and turn  
their knives on me. I could well see that the  
secretary would not be able to retaliate by  
the open process of the law against the at-  
tack made on him, considering the circum-  
stances under which it took place. That he  
would do so, however, under the mask, I  
felt sure, and he had received sufficient  
warning. Whilst thus reflecting I heard the  
gong in the yard below me strike 12, and  
shortly after heavy steps ascended the stairs,  
with the sound of much puffing and blowing.  
The new arrival stopped at my landing, and  
knocked firmly at my door. Thinking it best  
to be careful, I unsheathed my sword, and,  
letting down the bolt, stepped back a pace  
before I called out: "Come in." The door  
opened, and in walked my stout friend, who  
had retreated so rapidly from the bravos at  
the Marzocco.

"Messer Donati?" he said, with an inquir-  
ing look.

"The same," I bowed, and offered him a  
chair.

"The devil!" he exclaimed, sinking into  
it, "but it is like an ascent to Heaven for a  
sinner to reach you," and he mopped his  
face with a large handkerchief, "that cur-  
mudgeon downstairs, the intendante, flatly  
refused to inform me where you were, until  
I mentioned I came from the secretary."

"You mentioned that!"

"Yes—or diavolo!—how was I to find  
you? Let me tell you, sir, your consequence  
was much increased thereby," he puffed  
rather than spoke.

"I do not doubt it," and I marveled at  
Machiavelli having selected this garrulous  
fool to be the bearer of his letter.

Subsequently I discovered that the secre-  
tary did this deliberately, in order, if com-  
plications arose, to be able to deny that he  
had any hand in a transaction in which an  
obscure soldier like myself and a notorious  
old scamp like Buonocorsi had borne part.  
In fact, he very often adopted an artifice  
such as this, namely, first sending public  
dispatches solemnly by a known official of  
state, and following them up at once by a  
secret letter, which either confirmed them,  
or put quite a different complexion on their  
meaning; taking care to choose his mes-  
sengers in such a manner that he would have  
nothing to fear from failure of theirs.

"I have come with a letter for you," Bu-  
onocorsi continued, and, pulling from a  
breast pocket a sealed but unaddressed  
packet, he handed it to me. "His excel-  
lency," he said, "tells me you know what to  
do with this."

"I do," I gave answer, and, examining the  
seals carefully, put the letter in the pocket  
of a vest, which I wore under my buff coat.

"Then that is done," he replied, "and now,  
signore, have you anything to drink—my  
throat is like a limekiln?"

"I am sorry I have not, but if you will ac-  
company me to the Marzocco."

"The Marzocco! Blood of St. John! No  
more Marzoccos for me," he burst in, as the  
red went out of his cheek at the very thought  
of last night's affair. "Man alive! if Flo-  
rence only knew what happened last night  
the whole place would be in an uproar. It  
was lucky for the secretary that you came  
to his aid, as I had to protect La Sirani—  
ladies first, you know—and could not help  
his excellency in any way."

"Quite so," and I rose with a smile, "but  
you must allow me to see that you cool that  
lime-kiln of yours. I am only sorry I must  
ask you to come a little way with me."

"Oh! I would go a long way for a can,  
Signor Donati, and will drink one gladly to  
your health."

So saying he got up, and we went down  
and out into the street. I took him to my  
ordinary, "The Double Florin," and he took  
a long time in quenching his thirst. When  
at last he had done, he wished me good day,  
and we parted, not deeming it desirable to  
be seen too much together in the streets,  
and besides I had much to do to get off by  
the evening. I made up my mind to recover  
the gold tari I had pledged, and after that  
to buy a horse and quit Florence at once.  
The tari itself I should have liked to  
return, as I had promised, or rather said  
in my anger last night that I would; but I  
could see no way of doing this without at-  
tracting too much attention. On my way  
to the pawnbroker's I kept my eyes well  
open, and caught a glimpse of the library  
scribe, walking on the other side of the  
road, engaged in conversation with a man,  
who, despite his common dress, had an air  
of rank. The latter parted from Ceci's  
nephew almost as soon as I saw them, and  
the scribe kept on in my direction. I saw  
he was again following me, and regretted  
the mercy I had shown last night, resolving,  
if opportunity afforded again, to quiet his  
curiosity for some time to come. I duly re-  
deemed the tari, somewhat to the surprise  
of the pawnbroker, whose pledges did not  
as a rule pass so swiftly back into the hands  
of their rightful owners. On coming out  
of the shop, my follower was nowhere to be  
seen at first; but he soon appeared, always  
keeping on the opposite side of the road.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## Accounting for It.

Horrid! Mistress—Verena, the  
guests are not eating their oyster pie.  
What is the matter with it?

New Cook—I dunno, mem. I put in  
half a cupful of sugar for every pint of  
oysters. Mebby that wasn't enough,  
mem.—Chicago Tribune.

# MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

**Michigan Banks.**  
State Banking Commissioner Maltz  
has given out a consolidated statement  
showing the condition of the 185 state  
banks and three trust companies of  
Michigan at the close of business June  
30. As compared with the report of  
February 4 it shows an increase in the  
loans, discounts, bonds and mortgages  
of \$7,099,214, and at the same time the  
cash items, including reserve funds,  
show a decrease of \$3,000,125. The cap-  
ital stock has been increased \$200,000.  
The deposits show an increase of \$3,-  
922,698.

**Immigration Figures.**  
An idea of the number of immigrants  
that have come into the copper country  
within the past year may be gained  
from the figures as officially reported  
at the county offices. No less than 311,-  
625 persons are officially reported as  
having arrived in Houghton county  
since July, 1898. Of this number there  
are 195,277 males and 166,248 females.  
In the corresponding year the figures  
were 229,309 in all, 135,775 males and  
93,524 females, showing an increase of  
\$2,316 in the last year.

**A Mother's Crime.**  
Mrs. Mary Stevenson, of Detroit, poi-  
soned her two children, Emma, aged  
three, and Ella, aged six, with mor-  
phine and took a dose of the drug her-  
self. All are dead. Mrs. Stevenson was  
in straitened circumstances, and de-  
spondency over this is supposed to have  
been her reason for killing her babies  
and committing suicide. Her husband,  
who is a pattern maker, left her some  
time ago and went to Chicago to work.

**Health in Michigan.**  
Reports to the state board of health  
from 64 observers in various portions  
of the state for the week ended July 29  
indicate that erysipelas and bronchitis  
increased and tonsillitis decreased in  
area of prevalence. Consumption was  
reported at 189 places, measles at 36,  
typhoid fever at 36, scarlet fever at 29,  
diphtheria at 15, whooping cough at 19  
and cerebro-spinal meningitis at 4  
places.

**Fatal Explosion.**  
A threshing machine engine explod-  
ed near Big Prairie, eight miles east of  
White Cloud, and Charles Haight,  
Alpha Haight, Charles Crabtree, George  
Overly, Cecil Priest and Raymond Howe  
were killed and George Overly was so  
badly injured that he cannot recover.  
Oscar Evans had his leg broken. Three  
of the men left families.

**Body Found.**  
The body of the 11-year-old son of  
Charles Ruelle, of Houghton, was found  
in the water near Hennes wharf. The  
boy had been missing a week and a  
large reward for his return had been  
offered by the frantic father, who was  
convinced that the lad had been kid-  
naped and was being held for ransom.

**Heir to a Fortune.**  
Henry Hass, for many years foreman  
on the E. A. Graham docks in St. Joseph,  
has learned that he has been declared  
one of the six legal heirs in the chancery  
court, Berlin, Germany, to the estate of  
John Reigner, an uncle who died in Ber-  
lin 35 years ago. The estate is valued at  
2,500,000 marks.

**News Items Briefly Told.**  
Eugene Beersteecher, of Centerville,  
has been appointed game warden for  
St. Joseph county.

Secretary Storrs, of the state board  
of corrections and charities, has re-  
turned from a tour of inspection of  
various county houses and jails in the  
northern part of the state. He found  
most of them well kept, but new build-  
ings are greatly needed in several coun-  
ties.

Gov. Pingree has appointed William  
H. Dolph, of Blissfield, county agent for  
Lenawee county.

Counterfeit silver dollars are in circu-  
lation at Plainwell.

The tug Grace A. Ruelle, of Detroit,  
foundered in the heavy sea while cross-  
ing Saginaw bay, and Capt. Jule Le May,  
of Detroit, was drowned.

The oat crop in Van Buren county is  
the best in many years.

A fire visited Fort Brady and the fine  
four-company barracks building was  
damaged to the extent of about \$30,000.

State teachers' examinations will be  
held at Lansing, Cadillac and Marquette  
August 15 to 18.

At a meeting of the board of state  
auditors in Lansing the public school at  
Coldwater was allowed \$1,750 for new  
boards to be erected at the institution.

When the Dewey cannon reached  
Three Oaks the entire population  
turned out to receive it.

Secretary of State Stearns is having  
prepared a soil map of the state by  
townships. Much valuable information  
will be included.

A Mormon missionary is working in  
Calhoun county and is said to have ac-  
quired a number of converts.

The little settlement of Layton Cor-  
ners, just east of Chesaning, was about  
wiped out by fire.

There are now 102 district school li-  
braries in Hillsdale county, an increase  
of 23 in the past year.

George Chambers was killed by a bull  
at the county farm near Lapeer, where  
he had lived for 12 years.



# THE CHELSEA HERALD

T. W. MINGAY, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY  
for \$1.00 per year strictly in advance.

Entered at the Post Office at Chelsea, Mich., as  
second class matter.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1899.

Governor Pingree has pardoned 65 convicts and paroled 53 during his 31 months in office.

Detroit Journal: "Is Bryanism a Fetish?" imperiously exclaims an emotional contemporary. Well, hardly a fetish, yet we imagine it is hardly a fad.

The Livingston Democrat says:

"If a Republican has to be United States senator from this state, why not send a genuine farmer like William Ball, of Hamburg, who would have the farmers' interest at heart."

The rumor that Czar Nicholas, of Russia, was about to abdicate the throne of his fathers came like a thunderbolt out of a clear sky and created as much consternation among the powers of Europe as if he had declared war with England or Germany.

The Grass Lake News wants to see a lady elected as a member of the village school board. Ladies make good trustees in many cases. Two of the Ann Arbor school trustees are ladies and one of them was president of the board last year, and she was one of the best presidents the board ever had.

The Ann Arbor Evening Times asserts that Dr. Frank K. Owen, of Ypsilanti, is to be the Alger candidate for the legislative nomination in the second district of Washtenaw county on the Republican ticket. In view of the growing interests of the normal school located there Ypsilanti feels that it ought to have a representative in the legislature to look after its interests.

Ann Arbor Argus: Judge of Probate Newkirk has at last been advised as to a way in which to dispose of the overplus of insane patients. If the advice was good it would be a great relief to the county. He has received an anonymous letter in which this attention is called to a Christian Science healer who is ready to take care of and heal all who are suffering mentally. The judge was also asked to read a long Christian Science lecture. He was assured that if he sent the county insane to a healer they would all recover.

That would be a cheap way out of the whole deal, but the trouble is Christian Science has neither science nor sense about it, and never did and never will heal anybody, the assertions of Rev. Mary Baker Glover Eddy and her followers to the contrary notwithstanding.

Grass Lake News: If we have been correctly informed the Michigan Central agent here receives \$5.00 more per month than the agent at Chelsea. This comes from there being more freight and passenger business done here than at that town.

As to the truth or falsity of the first sentence in the above paragraph the Herald has nothing to say, but the News man must have been dreaming when he wrote such a "big fish" story as is contained in the second sentence anent the business. Or he may have been ruminating over what may have been the case in the days when there was no railroad station at Chelsea. Come off your perch, Mr. News, you are roosting too high.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, premier of Canada, has declined an invitation to be present at the ceremonies incident to the laying of the corner stone of the Chicago post office building in October, which was formally extended to the governor-general and cabinet ministers of Canada. He said:

"The tone of the United States press has become so harsh in dealing with the Alaskan boundary question, such misrepresentations have been made about our government, and particularly about me, that it would be undignified for us to visit you, and I cannot advise his excellency to do so." He further intimated that he did not think it entirely safe for them, as some indignity might be shown them by thoughtless persons.

Don't be afraid, Sir Wilfrid, nobody will hurt you; the country is not in such a turmoil as all that over the Alaskan boundary question.

Mr. Cecil Rhodes expresses the belief that the Transvaal difficulty will be overcome in a few months and without a shot being fired, owing to the mutual moderation displayed. "Mutual moderation" is a great thing in a case of this kind.

It is now "stated on good authority" that Congressman Henry C. Smith's appointee to the Ypsilanti post office will be Harlow D. Wells. Mr. Smith intimates, however, that he will not name the future P. M. until December, and there is quite a space between now and then.

No period in our history, says Leslie's Weekly, has shown a more rapid growth in the amount of money in circulation than the last few years. At present it aggregates nearly \$2,000,000,000, and the rate of increase since July 1, 1896, has been nearly half a million dollars for each business day. At present there is in circulation an amount of money equal to \$25 for every man, woman and child in the United States, and nearly a third of this is in gold coin. No other country on the face of the earth can boast the possession of so much current wealth.

## Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and, to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents, guaranteed at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store.

## North Lake.

Corn and beans are in need of more wet.

A good number of campers at the Lake now.

P. W. Watts is spending a few weeks at White Oak.

The berry harvest is about over. It has been a good one.

A good time to kill weeds in summer follow these hot sunny days.

E. L. Glenn and family and Harry Singleton and family picniced at the Lake on Saturday last.

W. E. Stevenson and wife left for Dakota last week. They are visiting Mrs. Stevenson's brother.

The Lake is drying up quite badly, but what water is left is as wet as ever, and the fish bite as usual.

Mrs. R. S. Whalian has gone to Howell for a few days rest and visit with her daughter, Mrs. Mattie Vines.

Thrashing is being done around here now and three to four jobs are turned off daily. Wheat light, oats and rye good.

Jos. Brown sold his grey trotter to B. M. Glenn, of Chelsea, this week. Mr. Glenn having lost one of his team of greys.

"Alger, he's all right," is the feeling at the Lake. Let's make him senator and then president. He can beat anything Ohio can furnish.

A little over a year ago M. R. Griffith left here for California to seek his fortune. He soon captured a 115 pound nugget which made him contented for a time.

Now again last week another is added to the collection in the person of an 8½ pound girl. He will likely be satisfied now and return to Michigan in the spring. If you have any spare congratulations W. H. and M. A. J. Glenn, grandparents of the aforesaid last arrival, are ready to receive them.

## Lima Items.

Jay Easton and family are camping at North Lake.

Mrs. Lighty Staebler and son Ray are visiting at Howell.

Eva and Harold Lewick are visiting friends at Howell and Fowlerville.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Stanton, of Manchester, spent Sunday with Mrs. E. Fisk. Irving Hamlin and wife, of North Carolina, have been visiting relatives here.

Will Coe was called to New York last week to see his mother who is seriously ill.

Jay Easton will attend the Epworth League convention at Monroe Wednesday as a delegate.

Alexander Dancer, of Dexter, has sold his residence in that village to Patrick Kearney, of Webster, and will move to Detroit about Sept. 1.

## PERSONALS.

Mrs. C. S. Jones and son Merrill returned home Monday.

Herbert McKune is in Detroit visiting Dr. William Conlan.

Frank Young moved his family to Francisco last week.

Miss Edith Boyd spent the past week with friends in Chatham, Ont.

Rev. William P. Conditine went to Detroit this morning on business.

Miss Agnes Conlan is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Pierce Cassidy, of Jackson.

John Miller, of Lyndon, is visiting relatives in Jackson and Adrian this week.

Miss Kate Gorman, with W. P. Schenk & Co., is spending her vacation in Jackson.

Mrs. Chauncey Stephens and two daughters arrived home from an outing Monday.

Miss Ida Kensch returned home Friday from a three weeks' visit with friends in Gladwin.

Miss Helena Haag, of Port Huron, is the guest of the Misses Lettie and Lillie Wackenhut.

Ralph H. Holmes and Lloyd Gifford are spent the past three days at Cavanaugh Lake.

Miss Lettie Ward left Tuesday to spend a month with friends at Homer, Jackson and Clinton.

James McNaney is home from Big Rapids, where he has been at school, for a brief vacation.

Miss Mabel Yager, of Lima, is visiting relatives in Howell, Plymouth and Fowlerville for a few weeks.

Francis and Edward Oesterle, of Chicago, are spending the summer with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Miller.

Mrs. John Eisenman and children went to East Liverpool, Ohio, to visit her parents for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Annie Rademacher, of Detroit, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Barthel, Sunday and Monday.

Henry Wirkner and family left Chelsea this morning for Cleveland, Ohio, his old home, where he has secured a position.

D. W. Greenleaf, with the Chelsea Savings Bank, left Monday morning to visit relatives and friends in the state of Maine.

Dr. and Mrs. R. S. Armstrong and Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes returned home from Frankfort and Crystal Lake last evening.

Mrs. M. Boyd was in Eaton Rapids the latter part of last week attending the camp meeting of the State Holiness Camp Meeting Association.

Louis Curtis, of Rochester, who had been the guest of Lloyd Gifford last week returned home on Monday. He went overland on his bicycle.

Mr. and Mrs. Simon Winslow, of Lima, will move to Chelsea with their family in the near future in order to take advantage of our good school system.

H. S. Holmes is one of the 42 delegates from Michigan to the congress of the National Prison Association which meets in Hartford, Conn., Sept. 23-27.

Mrs. C. Steinbach, daughter Miss Lotie and son Edgar, were in Ann Arbor Tuesday, spending the day with Mrs. Steinbach's mother, Mrs. Sophie Hutzel.

William H. Freer, who went to Columbus, Ohio, last week to join A. G. Fields' minstrel company, has returned home again. He did not like the surroundings of the situation.

Jacob Hummel, sr., went to Detroit this morning to take up his residence at the Home for the Aged, a model institution conducted by the Little Sisters of the Poor in that city.

Alvah F. Watkins and wife, of Chicago, were the guests of his mother, Mrs. Jas. L. Gilbert, over Sunday. His brother Louis Watkins, of Grass Lake, was also here to meet them.

Grass Lake News: Germain Foster, of Mt. Pleasant, Isabella county, is out on a little vacation and at present is the guest of his brother, E. J. Foster of this village. Germain is troubled with rheumatism.

## A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold at Glazier & Stimson's Bank Drug Store.

## \$5.00 to Gladstone, Menominee, Keweenaw and Manitowoc and Return.

On Wednesday, Aug. 23, the Ann Arbor Railroad will sell excursion tickets to Gladstone, Mich., and on Thursday, Aug. 24, to Menominee, Mich., Keweenaw and Manitowoc, Wis., at \$5.00 for the round trip. This will be a splendid opportunity to visit friends in Northern Wisconsin and Upper Peninsula of Michigan. Tickets will be good for return to Sept. 5. For further particulars inquire of agents or address W. H. Bennett, G. P. A., Toledo, Ohio.



15c. a Package at FREEMAN'S.  
Pillsbury's Vitos,  
Grape Nuts,  
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Shredded Wheat,  
And all the up-to-date articles of food, you will always find at  
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## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 7th day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Sarah W. Chipman, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Mrs. E. J. Pierce, among other things praying that the auxiliary administration of said estate with will annexed may be granted to Fannie E. Wines or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Wednesday, the 6th day of September, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs-at-law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK,  
Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.]  
P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 1st day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Peter Schwikherath, deceased.

Mary E. Schwikherath, the administratrix of the estate of Mathias Schwikherath, deceased, comes into court and represents that she is now prepared to render her final account as such administratrix.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 28th day of August, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing said account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed: And it is further ordered, that said administratrix give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK,  
Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.]  
P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Friday, the 4th day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Harry B. Neat, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Thomas Neat, praying that the administration of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 5th day of September, next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK,  
Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.]  
P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

## Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 13th day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, H. Wirt Newkirk, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Anna Simpson, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition duly verified of Anna Knap, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased may be admitted to probate and that administration of said estate may be granted to herself or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 11th day of August, next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHLSEA HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

H. WIRT NEWKIRK,  
Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.]  
P. J. LEHMAN, Probate Register.

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## DO YOU GET ANY

Of the Children's Fine Black Lisle Thread Hose that we sold at 17c a pair? We sold out all the large sizes, but have a few pairs now, sizes 6 to 7 1/2, at the same price.

Small lot more of Ladies' Fancy 25c to 50c Hose.

Now 15c

Have too much Ladies' Good Hosiery on hand, so offer every pair of 50c Black Lisle and Cotton Hose at 39c

Every pair of 40c Black Hose at 32c

Every pair of 35c Black Hose at 25c

## Women Skirts at Cost to Close Out.

2.75 Skirts at \$1.75. All \$2.25 Skirts at \$1.48.

50c Shirt Waists at 50c. \$1.00 Shirt Waists at 75c. \$1.50 Shirt Waists at \$1.13.

Remnants of Narrow and Wide Fancy Ribbons at about half of the Regular Price.

## BUG SALE—Special Values.

Best quality Moquette Rugs—18x36 in. size now 88c; 27x63 in. now \$1.75; 36x81 in. now \$3.00.

White faced Smyrna Rugs—26x60 in. now \$1.25; 30x63 in. \$1.69; 36x75 in. \$2.39.

Rugs are well worth one-half more and we make these prices for a few days only. **New Carpets.**

## H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

Pattern Patterns for August now on Sale.

## BICYCLES.



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## SPORTING GOODS.

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Specialties—Diseases of the nose, throat, and ear.

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New preparation for extracting that does not contain cocaine or cause any of the results liable to follow the use of the drug. Gas administered when desired.

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Regular Meetings for 1899.

Jan. 24, Feb. 21, March 21, April 18, May 28, June 20, July 18, August 15, Sept. 12, Oct. 17, Nov. 14 Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 22.

THEO. E. WOOD, Secretary.

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The Chelsea Herald and the Twice-a-Week Detroit Free Press both four months for only 30 cents. This special price is made in order to introduce the papers to new readers.

Take advantage of this wonderful offer at once, also do your friends a kindness by calling their attention to it.

Address The Herald, Chelsea, Mich.

## LOCAL ITEMS.

Born, Saturday, to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Limpert, a daughter.

Thirty-two Chelsea people took in the Jackson Grocers' excursion to Detroit this morning.

Reinhold Schacke has sold out his bakery to E. V. Barker, of Battle Creek, who takes possession at once.

Henry Orbring, of Sharon, is having a new barn built to take the place of one recently destroyed by lightning.

The Congregationalists of Belding have extended a call to Rev. J. J. Staley, of Dexter, to become their pastor.

A party of young men killed 21 rattlesnakes in the Robison marsh in Freedom, while making hay there the other day.

C. M. Drake, of Philadelphia, Pa., has offered to donate \$50 towards starting a factory in Manchester that will employ 50 people.

The Feast of the Assumption will be observed at St. Mary's church on Tuesday next. Masses will be celebrated at 6 and 10 a. m.

Miss Alice Gorman gave an elegant 5 o'clock tea Tuesday afternoon at her home on West Summit street, in honor of Miss Agnes McKune.

The August teachers' examination for Washtenaw county will be held at the Ann Arbor high school building instead of at the court house. The date is next Thursday, Aug. 17.

The Niagara Falls excursion over the Michigan Central last Thursday was one of the biggest of the kind that ever left Michigan. It took nine special trains to handle the crowd at Detroit.

Ward Morton had to undergo a slight surgical operation yesterday. His foot did not heal up well by reason of some splinters of bone that were in the wound so Dr. Bush removed them yesterday.

L. S. Towne, of Manchester, will establish a fruit evaporator in Dexter which will give employment to 25 or 30 hands and will furnish a good market for the fruit which farmers in that vicinity may have.

St. Mary's church is in the hands of the decorators. It will take about four weeks to do the interior work. The edifice is also to be painted outside and will be otherwise improved and made more comfortable internally.

Mrs. Rebecca Tomlinson has been appointed guardian of Charles T. Tomlinson, her husband. She will receive \$200 a year from the Maccabees during the time her husband is insane, until his whole \$2,000 insurance is used up.

Henry Seckinger has a terrible black eye, the result of being struck by a baseball Monday. He was at Francisco looking on at a baseball game when he was asked to take the umpire's place for a few minutes. He did so and was shortly afterwards struck by a foul ball square on the right cheek bone from where it glanced to his eye. He had no mask on at the time.

A family quarrel took place Monday at the home of Michael Mohrlock in Sylvan. His son Michael got quarrelsome drunk and undertook to clean out the whole family. In the course of the trouble he slipped off a porch and twisted his ankle breaking some of the small bones. A warrant was issued for the young man's arrest by Justice B. Parker, but when Officer Staffan went to serve it the young man could not be moved and he had to send out a doctor to attend to him.

The train which goes through here at 5:30 a. m. met with an accident at Ann Arbor yesterday morning. It ran into a part of a freight train which was left standing on the main track while a car was being shunted. Luckily the passenger train had slowed down and beyond a severe shaking no one was hurt. The conductor of the freight train had allowed his watch to get 13 minutes slow and thought he had plenty of time to make the shunt before the passenger train came along.

Saline Observer: Preparations for German day next Thursday, Aug. 17, are working well and the society here feel that they have everything mapped out and their plans in shape for a big time. The societies of Jackson, six in number, have responded that they will all be here with a special train and Boos' band. Other societies from Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti, Manchester, Chelsea and Dexter will be present with bands. The 10:30 parade is billed for something fine, and will doubtless draw a large crowd. Congressman H. C. Smith, E. J. Helber and C. H. Werner, of Detroit, will address the citizens.

Irving Storms is building a fine new barn on his farm in Lima.

The school house in the Martin Merkle district in Sylvan has been repainted.

Bert Stedman expects to move into his new house on South Main street about Sept. 1.

Joseph Webber is excavating the cellar for a new frame house which he will build on his lot on South Main street.

There were no services at St. Paul's Lutheran church last Sunday as the pastor Rev. L. Koelbing was in Adrian.

George P. Staffan caught a fine 7 1/2 pound pickerel in North Lake on Saturday. This is no G. H. Kempf fish story.

President Copeland, of the village of Dexter, is striving to enforce the curfew law requiring children under 16 to be off the streets of Dexter after 9 p. m.

The baseball match between the Chelsea and Manchester juvenile clubs at Recreation Park Saturday resulted in a victory for the Chelsea boys. Score 20 to 6.

The tri-county farmers' picnic association, which embraces Washtenaw county in its folds, will hold its annual picnic at Whitmore Lake, Saturday, Aug. 26.

Adam Eppler had a large butcher knife fall off the block on his left foot Friday in such a manner as to cut through the shoe and sever an artery of his big toe.

Ann Arbor Times: Manager McGregor, of the New State Telephone Co., left Tuesday morning to oversee telephone work being done at Stockbridge, Anderson and Plainfield, Mich.

There will be a mission festival at St. Paul's Lutheran church Sunday, Aug. 20. The former pastor Rev. C. Haag, of Port Huron, and other ministers will be here and take part in the services.

Fred Kalmbach's house in Freedom was struck by lightning Thursday, the bolt passing down the chimney. Luckily no one was in the house at the time. The roof and chimney were slightly damaged.

James L. Babcock, of Ann Arbor, paid his city taxes in that city last Saturday. They were a mere bagatelle, only amounting to \$1,181.69. The assessment was on the following assets: Real estate, \$14,600; bank stock, \$7,500; personal, money and credits, \$97,500.

Grass Lake News: Ward Morton, of Chelsea, got it into his head while engaged in pistol practice that his big toe was responsible for his not hitting the target and without explanation or apology shot off the odorous member but without benefiting his marksmanship in the least.

William Gunn, an ex-convict, a former resident of Chelsea, and a woman named Lou Donnelly, decided to quit this world together at Jackson, on Saturday, and took a big dose of laudanum. After long and hard labors on the part of the physicians who were called in they were placed out of danger and are still alive.

Delos Cummings was taken to St. Joseph's Retreat, at Dearborn, on Thursday morning last. When it came time for him to be taken from the county jail at Ann Arbor he refused to go and barricaded the door of his cell. Sheriff Gillen by the use of a little strategy got him to take down his defenses and finally got him started on the journey.

While cutting brush near Pinckney Wednesday of last week, Edward Kennedy came upon a quail and a hen, both setting upon one nest. In the next were 12 quail eggs and six hen eggs. They were not molested, and the two returned to their maternal duties. It is a conundrum as to which will own the chicks and which the birds.

Tommy McNamara has sold his fine Cleveland Bay stallion, Home Rule, to Howard Fisk & Son, of Sylvan. Home Rule is one of the best horses that has ever been in this section and his colts give promise of making fine roadsters and work horses when they mature. The horse will make the same route next year that he did this spring.

Through the good offices of William Judson, Frank Haywood, of Salem, has been appointed a member of the state horseholders' examining board for a period of four years. The pay of this board of three members consists of a fee of \$3 from every man to whom a certificate is issued. It also has power to hire a clerk and it is said a Washtenaw man will get this job.

Mrs. W. F. Hatch, who returned home from Atlantic City, N. J., last week, says that at a single haul of the pier nets 28 entirely different species of fish were represented among the fish captured, aggregating over seven tons in weight. As high as five tons of weak fish alone, have been taken at a single haul of the pier nets. The weak fish are much used for cooking purposes. Among the other varieties used are sea trout, sea bass, butter fish, rock fish, and blue fish, also blue point oysters served on half shell.

If you want any nice plums get your orders in early to Ed. Shanahan, Lyndon.

Pay up your subscriptions or become a new subscriber to the Herald and get a prize.



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WEAK MEN restored to vigor and vitality. Organs of the body which have been weakened through disease, overwork, excess or indiscretions, restored to full power, strength and vigor by our new and original system of treatment.

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Bronchitis,	Verrucae,	Flea Bites,
Rheumatism,	Sterility,	Skin Diseases,
Neuralgia,	Bladder Trouble,	Blood Diseases,
Sciatica,	Loss of Vitality,	Youthful Errors,
Lumbago,	Dyspepsia,	Nervous Troubles,
Female Weakness,	Constipation,	Weakness of Men.

CONSULTATION FREE. CHARGES MODERATE. Hours 9 to 6. Not Open Sundays. DR. HALE IN PERSONAL CHARGE.

SPECIAL NOTICE: Those unable to call should send stamp for question blank for home treatment.

## Teachers' Examinations 1899-1900.

Teachers' examinations for Washtenaw county during 1899 and 1900 will be held as follows:

Ann Arbor, beginning the third Thursday in August.

Ypsilanti, beginning the third Thursday in October.

Ann Arbor, beginning the last Thursday in March.

Ann Arbor, beginning the third Thursday in June.

Final Eighth Grade examinations will be held the last Saturday in February and the last Saturday in May.

W. N. LISTEN, Commissioner of Schools.

## A \$40 Bicycle Given Away Daily.

The publishers of The New York Star, the handsomely illustrated Sunday news paper, are giving a high grade bicycle each day for the largest list of words made by using the letters contained in "T-H-E-N-E-W-Y-O-R-K-S-T-A-R" no more times in any one word than it is found in The New York Star. Webster's Dictionary to be considered as authority. Two good watches, (first class time-keepers) will be given daily for second and third best lists, and many other valuable rewards, including dinner sets, tea sets, china, sterling silverware, etc., etc., in order of merit. This educational contest is being given to advertise and introduce this successful weekly into new homes, and all prizes will be awarded promptly without partiality. Twelve 2-cent stamps must be enclosed for thirteen weeks trial subscription with full particulars and list of over 300 valuable rewards. Contest opens and awards commence Monday, June 26th, and closes Monday, August 21st, 1899. Your list can reach us any day between these dates, and will receive the award to which it may be entitled for that day, and your name will be printed in the following issue of The New York Star. Only one list can be entered by the same person. Prizes are on exhibition at The Star's business office. Persons securing bicycles may have choice of ladies', gentlemen's or juveniles' 1899 model, color or size desired. Call or address Dept. "E," The New York Star, 286 W. 39th street, New York City. 51

## Michigan Central Excursions.

Fifteen days excursion to Petoskey, Charlevoix and Traverse City for \$5. Leaving Chelsea at 8:55 a. m. Thursday, Aug. 24. Tickets good to return on any train leaving destination not later than Thursday, Sept. 7. Children under 12 half price.

Week-end excursion to Jackson, Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids, leaving Chelsea at 9:25 a. m. Saturday next, Aug. 12. Fare for round trip to Jackson 50 cents, to Kalamazoo and Grand Rapids \$1.50. Good to return on any regular train up to the trains that leave Grand Rapids at 7:00 a. m., Kalamazoo 7:25 a. m. and Jackson 10:05 a. m. Monday, Aug. 14. Children under 12 half fare.

## That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold at Glazier & Stinson's Bank Drug Store.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—An organ for a single horse to match the one I now have; or a piano for a span of good roadsters. 39tf C. STEINBACH.



## THE SIX COMPANIES.

They Constitute the Most Powerful Trust Ever Formed.

Functions of the Chinese Combine Explained by an Educated Mongolian—True Meaning of the Term "Highbinder."

[Special Washington Letter.]

It seldom happens to one of our people to have an opportunity to converse with an educated Chinaman, one who can use the English language with facility. Therefore it was a treat for the writer to recently spend an hour in conversation with a polished and cultured gentleman of that race, who told many new and interesting things about his country and his people.

In reply to an inquiry concerning the Six Companies and the "Highbinders" he gave an elaborate description of them, which is herewith reproduced from memory. In a newspaper there appeared a dispatch concerning the threat of one Chinaman against another, the threat of death, unless \$300 should be paid to a "highbinder." The newspaper account gave no particulars, and the average reader would suppose that brigandage was carried on by highbinders, and with the consent of the people in the Chinese quarter.

Whenever any act of violence is committed by a Chinaman it is customary in this country to attribute it to a highbinder, when, as a matter of fact, highbinders are not guilty of any injustice, and certainly are not responsible for brigandage or lawlessness of that character. But first let us understand the Six Companies; then we can understand the highbinders better.

When you read in the newspapers political editorials denouncing "trusts," and when you hear orators of all political parties shouting themselves hoarse and growing red in the face and big in the neck with their patriotic declamations, you may understand that they are denouncing something older than America, as a factor in the affairs of the world. Long before Columbus secured the support which enabled him to cross the ocean and discover this continent; and long before Eric the Red sailed from Iceland to the coast of Massachusetts, "trusts" were in vogue in China. This shows that there is nothing new under the sun.

The Six Companies constitute a "trust," and a powerful combination it is, too. Just how old it is cannot be stated, although, of course, the branch in this country has been in existence but a limited number of years. But "trusts" have existed in China from time immemorial. Long before there was any Fourth of July to celebrate in this country the Chinese were making gunpowder, and making firecrackers, and the goods were disposed of by a "trust."

This Six Companies "trust" was organized by merchants for their own

of enterprise, such as building railroads, mining and ordinary labor requiring no special skill or fitness for peculiar employment. The Six Companies supply Chinese laborers for the mines of Brazil, Chili, Ecuador, Bolivia and other countries. They furnish laborers for the guano deposits of Peru and for the Peruvian niter beds. At one time there were 12,000 Chinese coolie laborers employed on the Pacific railroads, and many of them are still employed on those roads, keeping them in repair.

This traffic in human beings is not called slavery or slave trade, because the Six Companies do not sell their human cattle. They hire them out. They receive a stipulated sum for the work of their hands, and they also receive payment from each coolie for procuring employment for him. The coolies are therefore free; but to all intents and purposes they are slaves. Never-



WORKING HIS WAY TO INDEPENDENCE.

theless, they look upon the Six Companies as public benefactors. They are provided with employment, and have their transportation paid for them, which, of course, they have to pay back. The coolies are paid about \$25 per month. The Six Companies contract to provide the board and lodging for their coolies; and they charge enough to almost absorb all of their earnings. Consequently this "trust," which deals in human beings, simply permits the coolies to live and make rich their benefactors (?) by their toil.

Now be it understood that the Six Companies employ highbinders, just as American corporations may do. You must understand that a highbinder is simply an executive officer, or chief of police or a sort of sheriff. The Six Companies have no connection with any of the secret societies which exist among Chinamen, but all secret societies have their highbinders. There are probably not more than 200, certainly not more than 300, highbinders in this country.

Now, to understand what a highbinder really is, you must know that the Chinese colonies in this country have their own methods of government, based on Chinese laws. They obey all of our laws except the laws against gambling. They violate the gambling laws of this country, just as white men do. But, while observing our laws, they maintain the laws of China, and execute them as faithfully as they can. They elect a mayor and common council for each colony. The mayor presides at banquets, receives distinguished guests, reports to the Chinese consul all matters which may be of interest to the Chinese government, furnishes aid to the distressed, and arbitrates disputes. The mayor of each community must have an officer to execute his orders, to carry official documents, and name trustees of property of deceased Chinamen; also to execute the Chinese laws, even to the extent of taking life. This executive officer is the highbinder.

Now, you see, the popular impression that there is a secret order of highbinders is erroneous. Each highbinder is alone in the performance of his duties, and has no official or social relation with any other highbinder.

Referring to the secret societies of Chinamen in this country it must be known that each society maintains three classes of charitable funds—for the sick or wounded, for the care of widows and orphans, and for the burial of the dead, or their transportation to China. These charitable funds are held so inviolable that embezzlement is regarded as an unpardonable crime. The embezzler of charitable trust funds is invariably punished with death. The highbinder performs his sworn duty when he executes such a criminal.

Now, with this understanding of the situation, the highbinder is not such a bad fellow after all.

The Six Companies are obliged to employ highbinders to enforce contracts, whenever any Chinaman is derelict, but that seldom happens. Besides furnishing coolie labor by the thousand, and making plenty of money out of them, the Six Companies discovered that the laundry business in this country was profitable. They conveyed the word to China, and offered to furnish transportation to every Chinaman who wanted to come to this country, also to furnish the money to set him up in business; each beneficiary to pay back to the Six Companies double the amount thus invested in monthly installments. Double payment having been made, the laundry business was to belong to the individual making the payment.

SMITH D. FRY.

A copy of the Kilmarnock edition of Burns brought \$3,800 last year in Edinburgh.



### EYELASHES RENEWED.

By Transplanting the Hair, It Is Said, Unattractive Eyes May Be Made Irresistible.

Transplanted eyelashes and eyebrows are the latest things in the way of personal adornment. Only the brave and rich can patronize the new method at present, for besides being painful and costly, it takes a long time to accomplish it.

There is only one person in New York who makes a specialty of the process, but in Paris and London, where the idea originated, there are specialists who make a handsome living out of the process of transplanting hair from the head to the eyebrows or eyelashes. The specialist works by putting in, not on, the new eyelashes and brows wherever they are absent or grown thin, and so cunning is he in his work that not even the closest scrutiny can detect any difference.

By means of the new process, it is said, eyes which are at ordinary times only passable become languishing in their expression, while eyes which were previously considered fine have their beauty much enhanced.

This is the way new eyelashes are put in: An ordinary fine needle is threaded with a long hair, generally taken from the head of the person to be operated upon. The lower border of the eyelid is then thoroughly cleaned, and in order that the process may be as painless as possible, rubbed with a solution of cocaine. The operator then by a few skillful touches runs his needle through the extreme edges of the eyelid between the epidermis and the lower border of the cartilage of the tragus. The needle passes in and out along the edge of the lid, leaving its hair thread in loops of carefully graduated length.

When this has been done another and another length of hair is sewed through the lid until finally there are a dozen or more loops projecting. By this time the effect of the cocaine has been lost and the operator is obliged to desist and put off the further "sewing of hair" for another sitting.

The next step in the process is cutting off and trimming the ends of the loops, and the result is a fine, thick, long set of eyelashes. It is the finishing touch, that is to come, that makes them look like nature's own. When they are first cut they stick out in the most singular fashion, giving the person operated upon the most uncanny look. The operator's next step is to take curling tongs, made of silver and no larger than knitting needles, and to give them the curve which is essential to perfect beauty. Then the eyes are carefully bandaged and kept so until the following day.

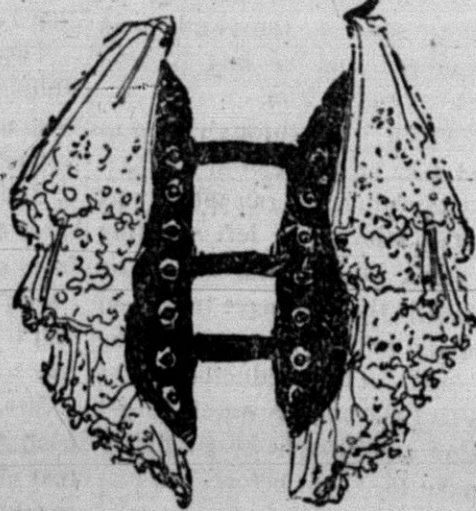
Most of the hairs that have been transplanted take root and grow, but a few of them fall out and have to be attended to. For the first month it is necessary to curl the new eyelashes every day, but after that they become properly assimilated, and it is not necessary to give them any further attention.

Eyebrows are doctored in the same way, but there is not so much pain associated with the process as in transplanting eyelashes.—N. Y. Herald.

### A BODICE TRIMMING.

One of the Most Consistent Designs Among the Summer Girl's Small Belongings.

An attractive addition to any summer frock is found in this little front. It is made of deep scarlet organdie



BODICE FRONT OF MULL AND LACE.

trimmed with a jabot effect of ecru lace.

The little front fastens invisibly to the waist and renders the plainest bodice dressy. It is connected by bands of the scarlet material and its beauty is considerably heightened by the addition of decorative buttons down each side of the straps.

### Peach Glace.

Peel and pare two quarts of ripe peaches; place in a dish with one small cupful of sugar and set in a cool place for two hours; mash fine; add one quart water and freeze. This makes a delicious dessert. Oranges may be substituted for peaches if preferred, or if the latter are out of season.

## FOR COUNTRY RIDING.

A Smart Outfit of Black and White Plaid for the Daring Woodland Cyclienne.

The costume of this woodland cyclienne is worthy a paragraph in the most conservative of fashion articles. It is specially adapted for long spins through shady groves and also for rough-and-tumble riding.

It is developed in lightweight Scottish goods trimmed with bands of bright silk poplin, which in their turn are finished with narrow strips of braid. The writer recalls one particular woodland cycling suit of royal brown plaided with Prussian blue and a generous tracing of crimson.

The skirt was the ideal rainy-day length, very flaring at the hem and close-fitting about the hips. The fullness was laid in plaits at the back. Around the foot was a plain band trimming of white brilliantine headed



FOR THE WOODLAND SPIN.

with an inch-wide band of Prussian blue silk braid.

The waist had a blouse effect, front and back, and was box plaited, the front plaits being overlaid with bands of brilliantine like that which embellished the skirt. The collar was high, finished with a narrow linen ruching, and the sleeves, which were full enough to allow perfect freedom to the arms, were plain, relying upon their neat finish for their beauty.

With the woodland cycling suit a short white sailor was worn with a curled quill and band to match the suit.

### GEMS POSSESS LIFE.

Including Them in Their Cases and Giving Them a Rest Adds to Their Luster.

Real jewels, scientists now assert, possess organic life. It has long been known that opals and pearls grow dull when worn by invalids, and latterly rubies and the turquoise are found to share the same sensibility. Pearls are more indicative of the condition of the wearer than any other gem. Though this delicate stone lives longer than a flower, it seems to have a form of life, which, like that of the flower, loses color and brilliancy and actually goes. Nor is this property unfounded in reason. Science has latterly learned much concerning gems and their influence in the propagation of health and disease. Those invisible emanations which surround the person wearing gems penetrate the interstices of the jewel and actually increase or decrease its brilliancy. The inference is a true one that rings and pins should be laid aside by the invalid. Even in good health, it is better to give them an occasional rest. To inclose them in their cases and put them away is to insure an access of luster. Even clothing should be treated to rest. It freshens up wonderfully the frock or wrap, to shake and brush the garment and hang it in a dark closet.—Good Housekeeping.

### New Fad in Trimmings.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor has started a new craze in trimmings by ordering a gown festooned with real wheat. It is not only a novel but a really pretty idea and is used to very nice effect on hats—especially of tulle.

### How to Cleanse Leather.

To freshen old leather covers of books wipe clean, then rub lightly with the well beaten yolk of an egg applied with a soft sponge, and lastly pass a hot iron over a piece of thin paper laid on the surface of the cover.

Of late there has been a noticeable increase of tourists' travel to Ireland. People are discovering it is a fine place to spend a vacation.

## GOOD FINANCIAL RECORD

The State of Michigan Had Over One Million Dollars on Hand After Paying All Expenses.

### ANNUAL REPORT OF TREASURER STEEL.

The Year's Receipts Were \$4,576,874 and the Expenditures Were \$4,301,031—Different Funds That Have Cash—Where the Money Went—Some Statistics of Interest.

The annual report of State Treasurer Steel for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, has just been completed. The report shows that the balance on hand at the beginning of the year was \$1,216,212.61; total receipts for the year, \$4,576,874.98; total disbursements, \$4,301,031.71; balance on hand at close of year, \$1,492,055.88.

### The Trust Funds.

The following statement shows the condition of the several trust funds, bond account, etc.:

General fund	\$ 881,785.52
Primary school interest fund	11,933.29
Agricultural college interest fund	32,488.79
Normal school interest fund	1,178.90
Sundry deposits account	217,238.77
War loan sinking fund	141,364.42
Specific tax fund	317,280.93
Less war fund overdrawn	\$1,402,055.88
	\$1,402,055.88

### Outstanding Bonds.

The outstanding bonds of the state now are:

War bonds of 1898, 3 1/2 per cent.	\$295,700.00
War fund bonds of 1898, 3 per cent.	231,200.00
	\$526,900.00

Non-interest bearing—	
Past-due, part-paid five million \$10,000 adjustable at \$578.75 per \$1,000	\$ 10,902.50
Trust fund debt on which the state pays interest—	
Agricultural college fund	\$ 725,945.81
Normal school fund	8,510.12
Primary school fund, 7 per cent.	2,947,232.11
Primary school fund, 5 per cent.	848,778.52
University fund	332,904.00
Balance trust funds	\$6,120,002.56

### Direct Taxation.

The total amount received from direct taxation, paid by county treasurers during the year, was \$2,322,845.75, this being credited to the general fund of the state. The largest items of expenditures from the general fund were \$1,009,889.51; appropriations for various state institutions, \$971,457.11; expenses of the state government, expenses of collecting delinquent taxes, \$295,501.90, and salaries of state officers, clerks and judges of courts, \$422,055.66.

### Specific Taxes.

The following specific taxes were collected:

From boiler inspection insurance companies	\$ 329.40
Express companies	12,830.54
Fire insurance companies	124,815.32
Freight, sleeping and palace car companies	44.65
Guarantee insurance companies	8,251.18
Life insurance companies	\$5,244.94
Plank and gravel road companies	556.11
Plate glass insurance companies	554.99
Railroad companies	969,154.32
River improvement companies	2,129.77
Telephone companies	18,470.01
Telephone companies	29,303.05
Franchise fees, June, 1899	6,441.05
From franchise fees for 21 months	104,800.07
	\$1,415,210.21

### Disbursements.

The disbursements from the specific tax fund were as follows:

Transfers—	
To agricultural college interest fund	\$ 46,385.75
General fund	48,315.52
Normal school interest fund	5,929.92
Primary school interest fund, 7 per cent	271,548.30
Primary school interest fund, 5 per cent	41,815.52
Primary school interest fund, surplus	648,577.11
University interest fund	37,303.05
Balance June 30, 1899	317,280.93
	\$1,415,210.21

### Some of the Receipts.

An examination of the report reveals some interesting items. The receipts of the year for corporation franchise fees were \$93,069.47; from oil inspection fees, \$11,843.17, this being the net earnings of the oil inspection department over and above all salaries and expenses; from peddlers' licenses, \$2,039.07; from deer licenses, \$4,906.40; from fees for examining banks, \$10,484.43. Strange as it may seem there was a total of \$8,576.30 of the appropriations for state institutions unexpended. The United States government paid the state \$95,336.05 in aid of the soldiers' home, and \$24,000 in aid of the agricultural college. A total of \$2,312.99 was collected from trespassers on state tax and tax homestead lands.

### Some of the Expenses.

The cost of the insane for the year was \$540,778.13, this being for maintenance only and having nothing to do with the cost of buildings, etc.; expenses of live stock sanitary commission, \$5,719; expenses of game warden, \$9,244.61; expenses of members of boards of state institutions, \$9,699.26; expenses of state court of arbitration, \$1,638.24; expenses of San Jose scale inspection, \$1,915.15; costs of suits, \$15,348.92.

The expenses of the legislative session was \$172,934.70, all but \$25,410, which represents stationery and incidental expenses, being paid for per diem and mileage. There was paid for bounties for wolves, wildcats and lynx, \$2,654.50, and for beet sugar bounties, \$15,451.07.



A CHINESE GENTLEMAN.

betterment. It became necessary because competition was strong, and ruinous to trade. There was one body of merchants doing business in Hong-Kong, and there were five companies doing business in Canton. They were constantly cutting prices, and undermining each other, until they all realized that ruin was before them; and so, for self-protection and advancement, they pooled their issues and formed the Six Companies, the strongest "trust" in the world. Of course they shut out of business many smaller dealers; but that is one of the results of the law of the survival of the fittest, and the Chinese recognize that law spontaneously.

The headquarters of the Chinese Six Companies are in Canton, and the American headquarters are at San Francisco; and the Six Companies have representatives all over the world wherever there is to be found a colony of 1,000 or more Chinese people. All orders and all transactions ultimately go on record in the home offices at Canton, China. There is where the bulk of the money made goes, too.

Not only is this a "trust" which is contrary to the modern ideas of our people, but it is a "trust" organized for dealing in human beings. The principal business of the Six Companies is supplying coolie labor in large fields



## POINT IN THE CASE.

Didn't Mind the Charge Against Him, He Wanted to Know Something.

How a greater trouble overshadows a man was aptly illustrated in one of the minor courts the other day. The accused was a big, strong, honest German, greatly respected and disposed to do more talking than fighting. The court distinctly said that the man was charged with disturbing the peace and asked him whether he was guilty or not guilty.

"Dot vos not 'ing, shudge," came the response. "Der prewry he hired me ter drive dot wagon. Tony Velters, he say: 'Shake, dot vos lesser and you join der union,' and then he say why I don't wait a dieetle an how vos it. So I wait.

"Purdy gwick der boss he say: 'Shake, you can get your moneys and give up your union. We vos a union prewery.' I say I want see Tony and ask him vot der reason him dot he advise me out of a yob. Then I find Tony he say did I haf some moneys, and I told him he vos schmarder und he vos und he didn't know not 'ings.

"But they say you argued with a club and that Tony's strongest proposition was a 'club.'"

"Dot vos not der point, shudge. Vot I want der find out is, how do I stand on der labor question?"—Detroit Free Press.

## NOT ACQUAINTED WITH THEM.

Dead Fifty Years Elected to Office by Benighted Aldermen in New York.

A New York alderman indulged in a little fun at the expense of his associates the other day, and through his influence that honorable body elected two men, eminent men, of these 50 years, to the position of commissioners of deeds. The names of the dead men honored are: Noah Webster, lexicographer, and Lindley Murray, grammarian.

The world says the trick was worked this way:

A slip of paper containing these names, with Brooklyn addresses, was circulated at the meeting of the board. Alderman Okie approached Alderman Bridges and said:

"Say, Jim, I've done favors for you. Here are a couple of men who want to be made commissioners of deeds. That fellow Lindley Murray told me he was a friend of yours."

Alderman Bridges looked at the slip and replied:

"I don't know the gent, and I ain't going to present his name."

Alderman Dooley, another member from Brooklyn, was persuaded to sign the application, and in less than ten minutes the formal vote electing Lindley Murray and Noah Webster commissioners of deeds was passed.—American.

## Why They Are Nervous.

A correspondent says that those who dine with the queen are usually painfully nervous. Perhaps they are tortured with doubt of the propriety of praising the pie, not knowing whether her majesty or the cook made it.—Denver Post.

We have often wondered that women do not have their kitchen dresses made as low-necked as their party dresses. It would certainly be cooler in working over a hot stove.—Acheson Globe.

It is terribly hard for a boy to believe in the veracity of his father when he hears him declare that no one is truly happy and contented unless he has work to do.—Acheson Globe.

It is a mighty good thing that the Lord does not enforce the law as He did against Ananias.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

Never do to-day any wrong thing you can put off till to-morrow.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

NO REMEDY EQUALS PERUNA, SO THE WOMEN ALL SAY.

Miss Susan Wymar, teacher in the Richmond school, Chicago, Ill., writes the following letter regarding Per-na. She says:

"Only those who have suffered as I have, can know what a blessing it is to be able to get relief in Per-na. This has been my experience. A friend in need is a friend indeed, and every bottle of Per-na I ever bought proved a good friend to me."—Susan Wymar.

Mrs. Margaretha Dauben, 1214 North Superior St., Racine City, Wis., writes: "I feel so well and good and happy now that pen cannot describe it. Per-na is everything to me. I have taken several bottles of Per-na for female complaint. I am in the change of life and it does me good." Per-na has no equal in all of the irregularities and emergencies peculiar to women caused by pelvic catarrh.

Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., for a free book for women only.

Remember that cholera morbus, cholera infantum, summer complaint, bilious colic, diarrhoea and dysentery are each and all catarrh of the bowels. Catarrh is the only correct name for these affections. Per-na is an absolute specific for these ailments, which are so common in summer. Dr. Hartman, in a practice of over forty years, never met a single case of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, or cholera morbus, and his only remedy was Per-na. Those desiring further particulars should send for a free copy of "Summer Catarrh," Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.

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PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

## HARVEST FOR DEATH.

Disasters in the East Cause Loss of Many Lives.

Trolley Car Plunges from a Trestle in Connecticut—Thirty-Six Killed—Gang Planks Break in Maine and a Score Perish.

Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 7.—Nearly 40 persons were killed by an accident on the Stratford extension of the Shelton Street Railway company at four o'clock Sunday afternoon when a loaded trolley car went off the trestle over Peck's millpond at Oronoque, about six miles north of Bridgeport, and sank in the flats 40 feet below. Thus far 36 people are known to be dead and several more injured.

## Only Two Escape.

Only two persons are known to have escaped unhurt. It is believed that there were 43 passengers on the car, but the indicator was removed by a conductor of another car and spirited away, so that at present it is impossible to state accurately the number aboard.

The scene of the accident is midway between Shelton and Bridgeport. The car was north-bound, running toward Shelton. It was in charge of Conductor John Carroll, of Bridgeport, who was among the killed, and Motorman Hamilton, of Bridgeport, who escaped by jumping.

## Plunged from the Trestle.

The trestle is 440 feet long, made of iron, with stone foundations, and was not protected by guard rails. South of the trestle is an incline, down which the car ran at a high rate of speed. After it ran onto the trestle for about ten feet the trucks left the rails and then the car continued on the ties for about 75 feet, when it went off the trestle and dropped into the pond below, overturning completely and up-ending. When the car struck the four-ton motor and the heavy trucks crushed into it, instantly killing many of the passengers.

The Stratford town hall, where the bodies were taken, was soon besieged by more than 1,000 persons, some of whom had relatives or friends among the dead, and the deputy sheriffs in charge had much difficulty in handling the crowd of weeping women and anxious men. All the bodies of the Bridgeport dead and the few unidentified were taken to the morgue at Bridgeport. It has been ascertained that 40 fares were registered, and these with the young children that did not have to pay, the motorman and conductor and an extra motorman who was being taught, make the probable number on the car 47.

## THROWN INTO THE WATER.

A Score of Persons Perish at Mount Desert Ferry, Me.

Bar Harbor, Me., Aug. 7.—A score of persons were killed Sunday by the collapse of the gang plank of the Mount Desert Ferry. Seventeen were drowned and three died from the terrible experience of immersion in the water and injuries while struggling for life. The Maine Central railroad ran excursions to Bar Harbor from all sections of its line in Maine, the attraction being the warships which were expected Sunday. All the morning long trains packed with excursionists were rushing to Bar Harbor. The train which left Bangor at 8:25 consisted of 12 cars jammed with people. At Mount Desert Ferry, the terminus of the line, the train is left for the boat, for an eight-mile sail to Bar Harbor. From the wharf a slip or gang plank 40 feet long and ten feet wide, led up to the boat. The slip was hinged at the inner end, and was raised or lowered to suit the tide. The wharf extends on both sides of the lush with the end of the wooden gang plank. Five timbers, four by twelve inches, set vertically, ran the length of the plank, and these were crossed by two-inch planking. It is said that there was no support for the plank between the hinges at the outer end.

## Gang Plank Gives Away.

When the excursion train from Bangor arrived at the ferry there was a rush for the steamer Sapphet. The first few passengers had crossed the gang-plank safely, and it is estimated that 200 people were massed upon the plank. Suddenly they felt the plank give way beneath them. The long timber supporting the plank broke in the middle. The hinges held up one end and the chain the other, while the broken ends of the plank dropped, and a struggling, screaming mass of humanity was plunged into the water, 15 feet below the wharf. A few clung to the inclined sides of the plank, but at least 150 were struggling in the water. The piling of the wharf partially penned them in on three sides and the boat lying at the wharf closed the other end of the opening.

## Twenty Dead.

By noon 17 had been recovered. Three other persons were taken on board the Sapphet and died on the way to Bar Harbor. The exact number of dead will not be known for some time yet, as a strong tide sweeps under the pier and some bodies may have been carried away by it. A diver, who was set to work without delay, was engaged in his search until five o'clock, but only 17 bodies were found.

## AN AWFUL TRAGEDY.

Examiner in the Pension Office at Washington Cuts the Throat of a Young Girl.

Washington, Aug. 7.—A horrible murder was committed Sunday in the northeastern section of the city. The murderer was Benjamin H. Snell, a special examiner in the pension office, a man about 45 years of age. His victim was Liza Weissenberger, a girl 13 years of age, who had been employed in his household until a few months ago, when she was taken home by her parents, who became suspicious of Snell's conduct towards her. Snell seemed to be infatuated with the child, and paid her a great deal of attention, which, however, she resented. Sunday morning Snell went to his victim's house and, entering at the front door, passed on through the middle room, where the girl was sleeping, to the dining-room door. While standing at the door the mother ordered him out of the house. Snell started to go, passing again through the room where the child was.

He bent over the sleeping child and drew her from the bed. Awakened suddenly, she screamed in terror. Twisting one hand in the girl's hair and throwing back her head, Snell drew a razor from his pocket and swept it across her throat. Twice he slashed her throat, and once he missed, cutting a great piece of flesh from her cheek. The head was almost severed from the body, and both the murderer and his victim were drenched with blood. Attracted by the child's screams, the mother ran to the rescue. In a frenzy she grappled with the murderer, and was badly slashed on the arm with the razor. The murderer attempted to escape, but was soon captured by the police and locked up in the Ninth precinct station. He refuses to give any explanation of his acts, and says he remembers nothing about them. The murderer is a native of Vermont, and was at one time employed in a bank in Montgomery, Ala. He has a wife and two children.

## LAURIER IS ANGRY.

The Canadian Premier Declares the Recently Printed Interview Was Not Accurate.

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 7.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, when interviewed Saturday, was not in the best of humor. He said: "It is simply scandalous how we are misrepresented by interviewers who publish in the United States press their so-called conversations with myself and other Canadian public men. I have not so far received a formal invitation to visit Chicago. Only an informal one was offered me, and how could I refuse to accept or reject that which I was not authoritatively asked to accept? When the time arrives for me to send my reply to a formal invitation to visit Chicago I will not hesitate to answer either in the affirmative or negative. To say that I would refuse to accept the invitation to Chicago were it formally offered to me because I feared insults by any of the people in Chicago or anywhere else in the United States is to say that which I can only say is a preposterous invention. 'I think better of our American friends and am satisfied that if I were to visit the great city of Chicago I would receive as cordial treatment as will be extended to any of the other invited guests whose pleasure and privilege it may be to accept the invitation. The United States and Canada can have their disputes and can carry them on without it being necessary for the press or people of either country to so far forget themselves as to insult or blackguard the representatives on the one side or the other of the border line. I will not, however, at the present be interviewed as to whether I will or will not go to Chicago, but when I am called upon to formally reply to an invitation to go there and should I refuse to accept the invitation my refusal will not be the result of any fear of insult by the American people."

## CRIME OF A MOTHER.

Distracted at Her Daughter's Shame She Kills Her and Commits Suicide.

Greentown, O., Aug. 7.—Ruth Swartz, aged 16, was killed by her mother, Mrs. Catherine Wise, Sunday morning. The murderer then went a mile and a half and threw herself into a pool of water at an abandoned stone quarry. Her body was fished out by neighbors Sunday afternoon. The facts brought out by an investigation of the county coroner are that the young girl had loved in an unfortunate way. The distracted mother declared she would find some way to save her daughter. During the night the mother arose, went downstairs and slashed her daughter's throat with a razor which was left lying on a table in the room. In her struggle for life the girl threw up her hands, which were cut with the razor.

## KILLED HIS CAPTOR.

Prisoner in the Hands of a Kentucky Constable Secures Freedom by Murder.

London, Ky., Aug. 7.—News has just been received here from a remote part of Leslie county of the killing of a constable by his prisoner. Last Thursday Jim Beltzer went to the head of Middle Fork and placed under arrest a man named Howard, from Harlan county. The two proceeded some distance when Beltzer stopped and entered a house, leaving Howard outside. As Beltzer was returning and stepped from the doorway Howard drew a revolver, fired and shot him through the head, causing his instant death. Howard made his escape.

## A Good-Luck Cross.

A cross recently discovered in the grave of the beautiful Queen Dagmar is supposed to keep away all evil influences. There is no more evil influence than ill health, and there is nothing which has so great a power to keep it away than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is worth a hundred good-luck crosses to the man or woman afflicted with dyspepsia and indigestion. A private Revenue Stamp should cover the neck of the bottle.

## A Shabby Announcement.

A Kansas printer in making up the forms one day in a hurry got a marriage and a grocer's notice mixed up so they read as follows: "John Smith and Ida Quay were united in the bonds of holy sauerkraut which will be sold by the quart or barrel. Mr. Smith is an esteemed codfish at ten cents; while the bride has nice pigs' feet to display."—Michigan Lyte.

## Your Vacation

should be spent away from the turmoil and strife of the dirty city. A week or two at one of the beautiful country Lakes easily reached via Wisconsin Central Lines will do you a world of good. Send for Rambles in Summer Land which tells you how to gain rest and comfort. Jas. C. Pond, Gen. Pass. Agt., Milwaukee, Wis.

## Taken at Her Word.

"Mrs. F. J. Gillington-Giggs is awfully mad at the newspapers; she says they treated her so shabbily. 'Did they? Such a prominent society woman, too.' 'Yes; she told them they must not say anything about her reception, and they didn't.'—Philadelphia Bulletin.

## Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

## Porous Plaster.

"What are the holes for?" asked little Edna, looking at the porous plaster that her mother was preparing to adjust on Willie's back. "It's funny you don't know that, sis," interposed Willie. "They're to let the pain out, of course."—Boston Traveler.

## Work for All.

Thousands of men are making good wages in the harvest fields of Minnesota, North and South Dakota. There is room for thousands more. Half rates via the Great Northern Railway from St. Paul. Write Max Bass, 220 South Clark Street, Chicago, Ill.

## The Common Fate.

Like everybody else the sea waves arrive at the shore in great style, but they go away broke.—Philadelphia Record.

## Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

"How?" Harry—"To show her how little he cared for it, he spent every cent she had."—Answers.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—Rev. D. Buchmueller, Lexington, Mo., Feb. 24, '94.

If Love had any sense of humor it would laugh less at locksmiths and more at girl's little brothers.—Detroit Journal.

## Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a Constitutional Cure. Price, 75c. A quarrelsome man is always a petty man.—Acheson Globe.

## THE MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 8.	
LIVE STOCK—Steers.....	\$4 50 @ 5 70
Hogs.....	4 65 @ 4 80
Sheep.....	3 50 @ 4 50
FLOUR—Winter Straights.....	2 20 @ 3 40
Minnesota Patents.....	3 70 @ 3 80
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	75 1/2 @ 75 3/4
September.....	74 1/2 @ 74 3/4
CORN—No. 2.....	37 1/2 @ 37 3/4
September.....	37 1/2 @ 37 3/4
OATS—No. 2.....	27 1/2 @ 27 3/4
BUTTER—Creamery.....	15 1/2 @ 15 3/4
Factory.....	11 @ 14 1/2
CHEESE.....	8 1/4 @ 9 1/2
EGGS.....	10 @ 16 1/2

CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Steers.....	\$4 30 @ 6 05
Texas.....	3 70 @ 5 20
Stockers.....	3 50 @ 4 30
Feeders.....	4 40 @ 4 95
Hogs.....	3 10 @ 4 75
Rough Packing.....	4 55 @ 4 85
SHEEP.....	3 10 @ 5 00
BUTTER—Creameries.....	14 @ 17 1/2
Dairies.....	12 @ 15 1/2
EGGS.....	12 1/2 @ 13
POTATOES—On (per bu.).....	35 @ 33
PORK—September.....	\$4 25 @ 5 50
LARD—September.....	5 37 1/2 @ 5 40
RIBS—September.....	5 07 1/2 @ 5 10
GRAIN—Wheat, September.....	63 @ 69 1/2
Corn, September.....	30 1/2 @ 31
Oats, September.....	19 1/2 @ 19 3/4
Rye, September.....	52 1/2 @ 53
Barley, September.....	31 1/2 @ 32

MILWAUKEE.	
GRAIN—Wheat, Northern.....	\$ 70 @ 71 1/2
Oats.....	22 @ 25 1/2
Rye, No. 1.....	53 @ 53 1/2
Barley, No. 2.....	40 1/2 @ 40 3/4

KANSAS CITY.	
GRAIN—Wheat, September.....	\$ 62 @ 65 1/2
Corn, September.....	27 1/2 @ 27 3/4
Oats, No. 2 White.....	23 1/2 @ 24
Rye, No. 2.....	50 @ 50 1/2

ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$4 75 @ 5 90
Texas Steers.....	3 40 @ 4 80
HOGS—Packers.....	4 00 @ 4 70
Butchers.....	4 65 @ 4 75
SHEEP—Native Muttons.....	5 90 @ 4 15

OMAHA.	
CATTLE—Native Steers.....	\$4 80 @ 5 70
Cows and Heifers.....	3 50 @ 4 25
Stockers and Feeders.....	3 00 @ 4 75
HOGS—Mixed.....	4 35 @ 4 37 1/2
SHEEP—Western Muttons.....	3 60 @ 4 10

CASTORIA	
Bears.....	In Use For Over Thirty Years
The Signature Of.....	The Kind You Have Always Bought

For Infants and Children

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## Ayer's Hair Vigor

What does it do? It causes the oil glands in the skin to become more active, making the hair soft and glossy, precisely as nature intended.

It cleanses the scalp from dandruff and thus removes one of the great causes of baldness.

It makes a better circulation in the scalp and stops the hair from coming out.

## It Prevents and It Cures Baldness

Ayer's Hair Vigor will surely make hair grow on bald heads, provided only there is any life remaining in the hair bulbs.

It restores color to gray or white hair. It does not do this in a moment, as will a hair dye; but in a short time the gray color of age gradually disappears and the darker color of youth takes its place.

Would you like a copy of our book on the Hair and Scalp? It is free.

If you do not obtain all the benefits you expect from the use of the Vigor write the Doctor about it.

Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

## Atlas of Western Canada.

Containing five splendid Maps of Canada and its Provinces, as well as a description of the resources of the Dominion, will be mailed free to all applicants desirous of learning something of the Free Home-land of Western Canada. Address F. PADLEY, Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or C. J. BROUGHTON, 1233 Monmouth Bk. Chicago, Ill.; T. O. CURRIE, Stevens Point, Wis.; M. V. McINNES, No. 1 Merrill Bk. Detroit, D. L. CAYEN, Red Axe, and JAMES GUYE, Mt. Pleasant, Mich.; N. BARTHOLOMEW, 1305 5th Street, Des Moines, Iowa; EVERETT & KANTZ, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

## Battle of Manila

Wabash Ave. South of Auditorium, Chicago. A wonderful reproduction of the greatest naval victory in history. Dewey's voyage from Hong Kong, across the Chinese sea. A tropical sunset. The Chinese typhoon at night with new and startling electrical effects. The American fleet engaging the Spanish batteries at the entrance of Manila Bay. The Bay of Manila by moonlight. The wonderful lighting effects, in Old Manila and Cavite at night. Tropical sunrise. The discovery and complete destruction of the Spanish fleet off Cavite. Open from 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

## EDUCATIONAL.

NEW HAMPSHIRE MILITARY ACADEMY. Prepares for Government Academies and Colleges. Full Commercial Course. Major B. F. HYATT, A. M., Principal, WEST LEBANON, N. H.

## Whiskers Dyed

A Natural Black by Buckingham's Dye.

Price 50 cents of all druggists or R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H.



## Expansion Policy.

The following essay was one written by Fred A. Johnson at the examinations preceding the graduation of the class of '99 Chelsea High School. Taken from Mr. Johnson's point of view the essay is an excellent one and although a little remote from commencement day the Herald reproduces it:

The discovery of America in 1492 marked the beginning of a new era in the world's history. The land then a wilderness, overrun by savages and wild beasts, has become the most prosperous, liberty loving, and patriotic country in the world; a republic envied by every other power on the globe.

Does it mean anything to say that all this has been accomplished in but four centuries? I think it demonstrates very plainly that our policy of the past has been right in the sight of both God and man; that the principles set forth in the constitution framed by our forefathers, the wisest builders of states the world has yet seen, were principles that we should not ignore after they have borne us safely through storms and tempests.

The colonial system of European nations cannot be established under our present constitution, and it is a question to be determined by the American people whether the permanent retention of the Philippines is desirable. We cannot follow the example of our noble ancestors, by reducing to subjection a distant people, dwelling in the tropics, aliens in blood, most of them Moslems in faith, incapable of speaking or comprehending our language, to whom traditions and the doctrines of civil liberty are unknown. Is it not time to point out what terrible results and penalties this departure from our constitutional principles will bring upon us?

The framers of our constitution did not disdain to study ancient history. They knew what caused the downfall of the mighty Roman Republic. They read as Chatham said he did, the history of freedom, of the decay, and the enslavement of Greece. They knew to what she owed her ruin. They learned from her the doctrine that while there is little that a democracy cannot accomplish, it cannot rule over vassal states or subject people without bringing in the elements of death into its own constitution. The Americans have been aptly called the Greeks of modern times. The versatile, enterprising, adventurous Yankee has been likened to the people of Athens, who were of the Ionic race, and the brave, constant, inflexible men of the South to the brave, constant, and inflexible Spartans, whose people were Dorians.

There are two lessons our fathers learned from the history of Greece which they hoped their children would remember—the danger of disunion and domestic strife, and indulgence in the greed and lust of empire. The Greeks stood together against the power of Persia as the American states stood against the tyranny of England. For us the danger of disunion has happily passed by. Our Athenians and our Spartans are bound and welded together again, each lending to the other the strength of their steel and the sharpness of their tempered blade in an indissoluble union. Our danger of today is from the lust of empire. It is a little remarkable that the temptation that besets us now, lured and brought to ruin the Athenian people in ancient times. I hope that we may be able to resist and avert that danger as we resisted and averted the peril of disunion. Pericles and Cleon, the conservative and radical leaders, differing in everything else, united in their vain warning to their countrymen against this peril. Cleon, though a demagogue and a radical, boldly told his countrymen that a democracy was incapable of holding dominion over others; that they were slaves to every new paradox, and that as he listened to the orators for expansion they resembled men sitting to be amused by rhetoricians rather than deliberating on state affairs. They disregarded his warning. The result was the Sicilian expedition and the overthrow of the Athenian Republic.

Professor Creasy, in his "Six Decisive Battles of the World," well says: "There has never been a republic yet in history that acquired dominion over another nation that did not rule it selfishly or oppressively." There is no single exception to this rule either in ancient or modern times. Carthage, Rome, Venice, Genoa, Florence, Pisa, Holland, and republican France, all tyrannized over every province and subject state where they gained authority.

It is our duty as people of a christian nation to know what is best for the United States, and what is best for the Philippines. Will anyone claim we must keep them whether we want them or not? If we have a right to acquire territory, we certainly have a right to dispose of it. If we cannot take down a national flag where it has once floated in time of war, we were

disgraced when we took our flag down in Mexico and in Vera Cruz, or after the invasion of Canada. England was dishonored when she took her flag down after she captured our capital, and every nation is henceforth pledged to the doctrine that wherever it puts its military foot or its naval power with the flag over it, that must be a war to the death and to the extermination, or the honor of the state is disgraced by the flag of that nation being withdrawn.

We should pursue the same policy with the Philippines as we have bound ourselves to follow in Cuba. We should assist them to establish a stable government and then leave them independent. For a quarter of a century they have been fighting for their freedom from Spanish rule. They thought that a people like the Americans, who love liberty and freedom as a mother loves her infant babe, would help them to overthrow the tyranny and cruelty of Spain so they cooperated with us as our allies, but when the peace treaty between the United States and Spain was negotiated, they were entirely ignored. When they were told that their future, the rights of sovereignty, had been ceded to the United States for twenty million of dollars, or about three dollars apiece, would they not have a right to feel as if they had been saved from the cruelty and butchery of Spain, but to have their eyes plucked out by the American eagle. How can one race have faith in another so-called superior race, which comes teaching the precepts of the golden rule and violating its principles in every relation sustained to the inferior race. Abraham Lincoln said: "No man was ever created good enough to own another." No nation was ever created good enough to own another, or no outside race can give satisfactory government to another. It can only be done by wiping out race animosity by intermarrying. The experience of England is rich in this line. When William the Conqueror and his followers subdued the Anglo-Saxons, seven generations passed away before this amalgamation had made much progress. Without this assimilation race animosity will not disappear. Japan under the direction of her own forces has made more progress in thirty years than has India under the domination of England in one hundred and fifty years. Mexico is another example of like progress directed by forces from within. She was not progressive, however, while ruled from without by Spain.

The Filipinos should be told what our policy is to be and made to understand the distinction between temporary occupation for the purpose of assisting them in establishing law and order, and permanent annexation. In other words, not leaving them to suppose they have simply exchanged their Spanish masters for American masters. If our policy should be thus declared, hostilities would be stopped at once and bloodshed avoided. Hundreds of our brave boys are now sleeping the sleep of death in that far distant country, and many hearts at home are filled with sorrow at the sight of that vacant chair at the fireside. The form that was once the mother's idol and the young wife's only joy is now bleaching in that tropical sun. How many are there who wish to give the lives of their friends and loved ones for a lot of natives on the islands of the Pacific Ocean.

The United States is a world power in the highest and best sense of the term. She has exerted more influence for good than all the other nations combined, but she has not depended upon a single soldier to carry the light of her civilization. The influence of the Declaration of Independence and principles of our constitution have extended around the globe and other nations have been inspired by our example. Shall we now descend from our proud eminence to the plan of the monarchial nations, throw away our teachings and traditions of a century or more of national existence and enter upon a career of conquest and substitute the doctrine of force for the power of example and the influence of counsel? Are we to maintain a government by force in the Philippines? If so, we shall not escape the verdict of history.

To how many has the thought occurred that we as free people of America are trying to stifle the birth of freedom. It was the Filipinos desire for independence, inspired by our history and example, which led them to the steps they are now pursuing. If you blame them, the blame must also be laid at the door of the greatest statesmen in our history. Patrick Henry is responsible in giving utterance to the sentiment "Give me liberty or give me death." Washington must bear a share of the responsibility for having drawn his sword in defense of the colonies and thus inspiring others to like conduct. Jefferson is likewise responsible for having penned the Declaration of Independence, which has been an inspiration to the patriot of every clime. Lincoln must also

bear his share for having admonished the people to so act that, "Government of the people, for the people and by the people," shall not perish from the earth.

In the words of Shakespeare are we "To be or not to be," that's the question. We must decide whether we are to remain true to our doctrines of the past; the doctrines of the most practical statesmen, of the most practical generation that ever lived on the face of the earth, or be slaves of every new paradox, paving the way to the fate which other mighty nations have met.

God grant that America may truly remain the country beautifully described in our national hymn, "My Country 'Tis of Thee."

## Pay Your Taxes.

The time for payment of taxes has been extended to and including the 6th of Sept. By order of the Village Council, GEO. P. STAFFAN, President.

## A Thousand Tongues

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard street, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure, "it soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50c. and \$1. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Stinson's Bank Drug Store. Every bottle guaranteed.



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## MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect June 25th, 1899. 90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

## GOING EAST.

No. 8—Detroit Night Express... 5:20 A. M.  
No. 36—Atlantic Express... 7:15 A. M.  
No. 12—Grand Rapids Express... 10:40 A. M.  
No. 6—Mail and Express... 3:15 P. M.

## GOING WEST.

No. 3—Mail and Express... 10:12 A. M.  
No. 13—Grand Rapids Express... 6:20 P. M.  
No. 7—Chicago Night Express... 10:20 P. M.  
No. 37 will stop at Chelsea for passengers getting on at Detroit or east of Detroit.

E. A. WILLIAMS, Agent, Chelsea.  
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

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**S** Cuts & Sores.  
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Eczema & Eruptions.  
Salt Rheum & Tetter.  
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Corns & Bunions.  
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